Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise



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IT Infrastructure Technical Framework

10

(ITI TF-3) Cross-Transaction Specifications and Content Specifications

Volume 3

15

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4 Cross-Transaction Specifications

4.1 XDS Metadata

The following sections specify the mapping of XDS concepts to ebRS and ebRIM semantics:

XDS Document

XDS Submission Request

KDS Submission Set

XDS Folder

Document Relationships

The next sections specify the metadata definitions to support the above concepts. The following are discussed:

KDS Document

XDS Submission Request

XDS Submission Set

XDS Folder

The remaining two sections discuss the following topics:

70 XDS Registry Adaptor function

General Metadata issues

Transaction that Reference this Section 4.1	
Register Document Set	ITI-14
Provide and Register Document Set	ITI-15
Query Registry	ITI-16
Registry Stored Query	ITI-18
Register Document Set – b	ITI-42
Provide and Register Document Set – b	ITI-41
Retrieve Document Set	ITI-43

Transactions that reference specific subsections of this Section 4.1	
Distribute Document Set on Media	ITI-32
(4.1.1, 4.1.7, 4.1.8, 4.1.12)	

4.1.1 Class Diagram

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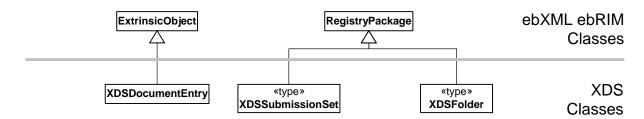


Figure 4.1-1 ebXML Class Diagram of the Register Document Metadata

The XDSDocumentEntry class is derived from the ebXML ExtrinsicObject class. The XDSSubmissionSet and XDSFolder classes are derived from the ebXML1 RegistryPackage class. Since the ebXML Registry standard does not allow for subclassing the RegistryPackage class, these two classes are implemented as ebXML RegistryPackages. Type information (submission set vs. folder) is coded as an ebXML Classification against two object types created by the XDS profile, XDSSubmissionSet and XDSFolder.

4.1.2 Document Specification

A new registry object type is declared as a subclass of ebXML ExtrinsicObject. Its name is XDSDocumentEntry. An object of this type in the XDS registry is used to represent a document in an XDS repository.

An XDSDocumentEntry object in the registry contains a reference to a single document in a single repository.

Note: A repository may hold documents that are not indexed in the registry.

90 ITI TF-2x: Appendix H defines the metadata to initialize an ebXML registry to serve as an XDS Document Registry.

4.1.3 XDS Submission Request Specification

A Submission Request is the collection of information that is transferred to an XDS Document Registry or Repository.

There are two types of submission requests: XDS Registry Submission Request and XDS Repository Submission Request. Both are described below.

Appropriate protocol bindings are used to transfer this content between systems when the actors are not implemented together on the same system. The bindings are described in "Protocol Selection" section of the appropriate transaction.

100 The two types of XDS Submission Requests are described next.

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ebXML Registry terms such as RegistryPackage are shown with an ebXML prefix to help distinguish ebXML Registry terms from XDS terms. Unless otherwise indicated, references to 'ebXML' in XDS refer to the ebXML Registry specifications as opposed to other ebXML specifications. The short term is used for readability.

4.1.3.1 XDS Registry Submission Request

An XDS Registry Submission Request is the collection of metadata transferred between a Document Repository and a Document Registry in a single ebXML SubmitObjectsRequest. This request contains:

- A collection of metadata to be stored in the registry including:
 - Metadata for new documents
 - Folders to be created
 - Documents to be added to folders
 - A single XDS Submission Set object, contained within the metadata, organizing the metadata
- This request is part of the Register Document Set [ITI-14] and Register Document Set-b [ITI-42] transactions..

4.1.3.2 XDS Repository Submission Request

An XDS Repository Submission Request is the collection of metadata and documents transferred between a Document Source and a Document Repository using a single ebXML SubmitObjectsRequest.

115 This request contains:

Metadata

Zero or more documents; each document is represented by an XDSDocumentEntry object in the metadata. Submissions that add metadata to the registry without adding documents to the repository are possible.

This request is the information payload of the Provide and Register Document Set message of the Provide and Register Document Set [ITI-15] and Provide and Register Document Set-b [ITI-41] transactions..

Unless otherwise stated, the XDS Submission Set requirements specified hereafter apply to both types of XDS Submission Requests

125 4.1.3.3 Atomicity Requirements for XDS Submission Requests

XDS Submission requests shall be atomic operations. The result of a Submission Request is to update either:

- a Registry or
- a Registry and a Repository.
- All changes requested are successfully applied or no net changes are made. More specifically:
 - 1. Atomicity shall be managed by an XDS registry adaptor. (see ITI TF-3: 4.1.11 for details on registry adaptor.addressing the fact that the ebXML Registry specification does not guarantee that a SubmitObjectsRequest is atomic). XDS specifies the mechanism through which atomicity is to be implemented and where it is needed.

- 2. All objects shall have their Status attribute set to Submitted when the objects are first created in the ebXML registry. An ebXML ApproveObjectsRequest, shall be issued within the XDS Registry Adaptor to change the Status attribute to Approved. This completes the transaction.
 - 3. The following types of objects shall be have their status set to Approved to be considered publicly available:
- XDSSubmissionSet (ebXML RegistryPackage)
 - XDSFolder (ebXML RegistryPackage)
 - XDSDocumentEntry (subclass of ebXML ExtrinsicObject)

If an error occurs storing documents in the repository then all documents stored as part of the Repository Submission Request shall be removed.

- 145 If an error occurs storing metadata in the registry, then the following actions are performed:
 - All metadata stored as part of the Registry Submission Request shall be removed from the registry
 - All documents stored as part of the Repository Submission Request shall be removed. This only applies if the Registry Submission Request is a result of a Repository Submission Request.

Registry queries from the Registry Query transaction shall not find XDS Submission Sets, XDS Folders or XDSDocumentEntry objects until after the above atomic operation that creates them has completed successfully and the status attributes have been set to Approved.

4.1.3.4 Other Properties of Submission Requests

A Submission Request may contain metadata beyond the XDS Submission Set, XDS Folder, and XDSDocumentEntry objects. These are:

- ebXML Associations linking XDSDocumentEntry objects to XDSFolder objects. There are no restrictions on whether the XDSDocumentEntry objects or XDSFolder objects are in this Submission Request. Such an Association is the ebXML mechanism for including objects in an ebXML RegistryPackage (the basis of XDSFolder). Each of these Associations shall be accompanied by another association that links it with the XDSSubmissionSet object. This additional association allows for the identification of the Document Source actor which linked a particular document with a particular folder. See ITI TF-3: 4.1.5 for more information.
 - Associations linking existing (already contained in the registry) XDSDocumentEntry objects to the XDSSubmissionSet RegistryPackage contained in this Submission Request. This option is discussed in the next section.

165 **4.1.3.5** Attribute Value Length

4.1.3.5.1 Transactions Using ebRIM 2.1

All attribute values shall conform to the size specification of ebRIM version 2.1 that is detailed in section 7.2 Data Types of that specification. More specifically, all Slots shall conform to the specification of ebRIM version 2.1, which is detailed in section 7.6.1 of that specification. The version 2.0-ebRIM specification is overly limiting in this respect. Without adopting the newer size limits, many typical patient record values could not be encoded.

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4.1.3.5.2 Transactions using ebRIM 3.0

All attribute values shall conform to the size specification of ebRIM version 3.0 that is detailed in section 2.2 Data Types of that specification. More specifically, all Slots shall conform to the specification of ebRIM version 3.0, which is detailed in section 2.8.1 of that specification.

4.1.4 Submission Set Specifications

Submission Sets exist for two reasons:

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- 1. To support atomic submission to the registry
- 2. To make a permanent record in the registry of
- The existence and status of the submission
 - The XDS Folders and XDSDocumentEntry objects included in the submission.

Submission Sets, once shared, are immutable.

An XDS SubmissionSet is an ebXML RegistryPackage, classified as XDSSubmissionSet that is used to bundle XDSDocumentEntry, XDSFolder and Association objects for submission.

A Submission Set has a set of attributes that are described in ITI TF-3: 4.1.8 Submission Set Metadata.

4.1.4.1 Inclusion of Documents in a SubmissionSet

Documents may be included in a Submission Set in two ways: inclusion by value and inclusion by reference.

Inclusion by value: A new document is being submitted to the registry. The Submission Set contains the XDSDocumentEntry object with associated attributes.

Inclusion by reference: Existing documents in the registry can be referenced by a Submission Set. These documents are included because of their clinical relevance to the rest of the Submission Set.

Linking document metadata to submission set: An XDSSubmissionSet shall be represented by an ebXML RegistryPackage. Document metadata (XDSDocumentEntry objects) shall be linked to the RegistryPackage via ebXML Associations according to the ebXML Registry standard.

For documents included by reference, the Submission Request shall include the Association object used to link the document. For documents included by value, the Submission Request shall include the XDSDocumentEntry object and the Association object used to link the document.

Submission Set Association labeling: Two types of association labels are defined: original (submission by value), or reference (Submission by reference). This allows finding the submission set that first submitted any document. It also supports proper rollback in case of a submission error. For document metadata included by value, a rollback of the submission shall delete the document metadata and the association. For document metadata included by reference, a rollback of the submission shall not delete the document metadata but shall still delete the association. (The document whose association is being deleted existed before this submission and shall be maintained.) The following labeling of the Associations is required.

Inclusion type	Rollback	Association Labeling
By Value	Yes	Slot: Name=SubmissionSetStatus
		Value=Original
By Reference	No	Slot: Name=SubmissionSetStatus
		Value=Reference

Submission Sets and patients: A Submission Set is restricted in terms of mixing documents from different patients. All documents included by value in a Submission Set shall have their patientId attribute set to the same value. This restriction does not apply to documents included by reference.

Document metadata duplication: There are several conditions regarding the duplication of document metadata that can occur.

- Duplicate registration of a document A document and its metadata are submitted to the repository as part of a Repository Submission Request. This document already exists in one or more repositories and is already represented in the registry. It is submitted with a new (not previously used) UUID for the XDSDocumentEntry and associated ancillary objects. The registry shall accept such duplicate registration of the documents.
- Duplicate document id submitted to repository A document with its associated metadata is part of a Repository Submission Request. A document with the same XDSDocumentEntry.uniqueID is present in the repository but the XDSDocumentEntry.hash is different. This is an error and the Submission Request shall be rejected by the repository.

Note: There are two approaches to detecting this fault. First, this can be detected at the repository if repository logic can validate the hashes and has record of the document id to compare. Otherwise the request can be forwarded on to the registry and let the fault be detected by the registry (see next bullet). The repository then deals with the error returned by the registry.

- Duplicate document ID submitted to registry Metadata representing a document (XDSDocumentEntry) is part of a Registry Submission Request. An XDSDocumentEntry object with the same uniqueID is present in the registry but, the hash is different. This is an error and the Submission Request shall be rejected by the XDS registry adaptor.
- A document, once generated outside of the XDS environment, can be registered by multiple Document Sources with the same uniqueId, same hash, different UUID, and with other metadata attributes not the same as described above. As a result, a Document Consumer may issue a GetDocuments Stored Query with a uniqueId parameter and have returned two or more XDSDocumentEntry objects with that same uniqueId.

235 4.1.4.2 Inclusion of Folders in a SubmissionSet

Linking folder metadata to submission set: An XDSSubmissionSet shall be represented by an ebXML RegistryPackage. Folder metadata (XDSFolder objects) shall be linked to the RegistryPackage via ebXML Associations according to the ebXML Registry standard.

Linking associations to a submission set: A document can be linked to a folder to indicate that this document is a member of a particular folder. This link shall be represented via an ebXML Association according to the ebXML Registry standard. Each of these Associations shall be accompanied by another 'HasMember' Association that links it with the XDSSubmissionSet object. This additional association allows for the identification of the Document Source actor which linked a particular document with a particular folder and shall be as follows:

- The targetObject shall contain the id of the Association that links the document and the folder.
- The sourceObject shall contain the id of the XDSSubmissionSet object.

It is not necessary that the XDSSubmissionSet object which links to this Association also contain the XDSDocumentEntry metadata or the XDSFolder metadata that correspond to the referenced document and folder. This allows for documents to be placed in folders at a later date and time. If the XDSSubmissionSet object does contain the corresponding XDSDocumentEntry or XDSFolder, then these should be linked to the XDSSubmissionSet object as previously described.

4.1.5 Folder Specification

An XDS Folder is an ebXML RegistryPackage classified as XDSFolder. This folder is used to bundle XDSDocumentEntry objects. Folders shall not be nested inside other folders. The patientId attribute of the XDSDocumentEntry objects it contains shall match the patientId attribute on the folder itself. This shall be enforced by the Registry Actor.

Note: The nesting of folders may be considered as a future extension to this transaction.

Linking documents to a folder: A document can be linked to a folder to indicate that this document is a member of a particular folder. This link shall be represented via an ebXML Association according to the ebXML Registry standard. This association shall have an id attribute which shall be a UUID. Each of these Associations shall be accompanied by another association that links it with the XDSSubmissionSet object. This additional association allows for the identification of the Document Source actor which linked a particular document with a particular folder. See ITI TF-3: 4.1.4.2 for more information regarding this accompanying Association object.

4.1.6 Document Relationships and Associations

4.1.6.1 Document Relationships from HL7

Relationships between documents can be established with XDS. XDS adopts the document relationship semantics defined in HL7 CDA. The supported relationships are listed below in Table 4.1-2. The semantics behind each of these relationships are documented in HL7 CDA Release 2, Committee Ballot 2

To create a document relationship in the registry, submit:

- A new document (XDSDocumentEntry)
- An Association linking the new document to an existing document.

The association type defines the document relationship. The new document and the association must be submitted in the same Submission Set. The existing document must be an Approved object already in the registry. The identity (registry UUID) of the existing document must be known because the Document Source pre-assigned the UUID prior to submission or discovered it via registry query.

The association types used for document relationships are defined by XDS and an XDS Registry must be initialized with their definitions. See ITI TF-2x: Appendix H for details.

Note to implementers: A Document Source pre-assigning UUIDs and using the saved UUIDs in future transactions can run into consistency problems if a second Document Source submits to the Registry causing the document to be deprecated. Once a document is deprecated, new Associations to that document cannot be accepted by the Registry.

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Table 4.1-2 Document Relationships

Relationship	Definition
APND (append)	The current document is an addendum to the parent document.
RPLC (replace)	The current document is a replacement of the parent document.
XFRM (transform)	The current document is a transformation of the parent document.
XFRM_RPLC (transform with replace)	The current document is both a transformation and a replacement of the parent document.

Adapted from HL7 CDA Release 2, Committee Ballot 2

A Document Relationship refers to any of the relationships listed in Table 4.1-2 Document Relactionships above.

A Document Source actor creates a document relationship by submitting a Submission Set containing:

290 **XDSDocumentEntry** – this defines the new document being submitted

The uniqueId attribute must be unique.

The UUID must be unique or symbolic (the registry assigns)

Association – this links the original XDSDocumentEntry (already in the registry) with the new XDSDocumentEntry being submitted.

The targetObject attribute of the Association object references the existing document in the registry.

The sourceObject attribute of the Association object references the XDSDocumentEntry contained in the Submission Set.

The Association Type is one of the relationships in Table 4.1-2.

The targetObject attribute of the Association is the registry UUID representing the existing document in the registry. This UUID must be discovered via registry query.

The existing document shall be deprecated by the following rules (based on CDA R2):

- The APND and XFRM relationships leave the original document with its status unchanged (Approved).
- The RPLC and XFRM_RPLC relationships change the status of the original document to Deprecated. All transformations (XFRM) and addenda (APND) of the original document shall also deprecated.

Note to implementers: if you are doing a replace where original has addenda, you should be real careful - may have been important comment from another author.

The Registry Adaptor manages document deprecation. See ITI TF-3: 4.1.11 XDS Registry Adaptor for details.

Only the most recent version of a document shall be replaceable. The most recent version of a document carries a status of Approved while older versions carry a status of Deprecated.

A transformation (connected to original document with XFRM Association) is an alternate form of an original document. Therefore, a transformation is permitted to be replaced (RPLC) but shall not be appended to (APND).

Associations of type XFRM, APND, RPLC, and XFRM_RPLC may include documentation describing the association (type of transformation, reason for replacement, etc.). If included, it shall be specified as a Classification on the Association as shown in the example below. See also XDS Document Entry attribute parentDocumentRelationshipCode.

Example (ebRIM 2.1):

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```
<rim:Association id="ThisAssociation"
         associationType="XFRM"
325
         sourceObject="source"
         targetObject="target">
         <rim:Classification
                       classificationScheme="urn:uuid:abd807a3-4432-4053-87b4-fd82c643d1f3"
                       classifiedObject="ThisAssociation"
330
                      nodeRepresentation="French">
               <rim:Name>
                       <rim:LocalizedString value="Translation into French"/>
               </rim:Name>
               <rim:Slot name="codingScheme">
335
                       <rim: ValueList>
                              <rim: Value > Connect-a-thon translation types </rim: Value >
                       </rim:ValueList>
               </rim:Slot>
          </rim:Classification>
340
       </rim:Association>
```

When a document is replaced and that document is a member of one or more folders, a new HasMember Association shall be created by the Registry Adaptor connecting the replacement document to each folder that held the original document as a member. The result is that a folder contains both the original and replacement document differentiated by their status. The Document Registry actor shall detect this condition and generate the necessary Associations.

Table 4.1-3 lists all metadata associated with XDSDocumentEntry objects. The attribute XDSDocumentEntry.parentDocumentId is a reference to the targetObject attribute of the new Association. The attribute XDSDocumentEntry.parentDocumentRelationship is a reference to the Association Type. This represents two distinct naming conventions, HL7 CDA and ebXML Registry.

Document relationship metadata may coexist with other metadata in a Submission Set.

The new documents (related to original document by RPLC, APND, XFRM, or XFRM_RPLC Associations) are assigned their own uniqueId attribute unrelated to the original document's.

See ITI TF-1: 10.4.11.1 for further detail on the use and meaning of document relationships.

355 4.1.6.2 Association Type Signs

An ebRIM Association with associationType of *signs* shall be used to link an XDSDocumentEntry representing a Digital Signature with the XDSDocumentEntry representing the document being signed. Details of how Digital Signatures are represented in XDS are found in the Document Content Profile on Digital Signatures. In constructing this association, the attributes are:

sourceObject: references the XDSDocumentEntry representing the Digital Signature targetObject: references the XDSDocumentEntry representing the document being signed associationType: signs

Other requirements on the use of this Association may exist in the Document Content Profile on Digital Signatures.

4.1.6.3 Association Type formatting

OASIS ebRIM versions 2.1 and 3.0 (XDS.a and XDS.b) have different requirements for the formatting of Association Types. ebRIM 2.1 requires only the simple name (HasMember) while ebRIM 3.0 requires a namespace qualified name (urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:AssociationType:HasMember). The urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:AssociationType: namespace prefix only applies to Association Types defined by ebRIM 3.0 (HasMember only). Association Types defined by XDS and related profiles shall use the IHE specific namespace urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:.

Table 4.1-2.1 Association Types used in XDS and related profiles

ebRIM 2.1 Format	ebRIM 3.0 Format	
HasMember	urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:AssociationType:HasMember	
RPLC	urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:RPLC	
XFRM	urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:XFRM	
APND	urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:APND	
XFRM_RPLC	urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:XFRM_RPLC	
signs	urn:ihe:iti:2007:AssociationType:signs	

4.1.7 Document Definition Metadata

Several data types are used in the tables below describing the document metadata. These data types are derived from other standards, and encoded in the registry as described in the following table. For entries where no Data Type is specified the entry is any string of bytes that fits within the length defined by the schema.

For the data types derived from HL7 standards, XDS requires that the default HL7 separators be used to represent the structure of HL7 V2 data types:

Field Separator |
Component Separator ^
Subcomponent Separator &
Repetition Separator ~

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Table 4.1-3 Data Types

XDS Data Type	Source Standard	Encoding Specification
CX	HL7 V2 Identifier	This is an identifier. HL7 Identifier type CX consist of several components, but this specification restricts them to the use of two components, the ID Number, and the Assigning Authority (AA). The Assigning Authority identifies the "domain" over which the ID Number represents a unique entity. Furthermore, the AA is represented using a Universal ID and Universal ID Type. In XDS specification, ISO Object Identifiers (see OID below) must be used as Universal ID. Therefore, Universal ID Type is always ISO. The required format is: IDNumber^^^&OIDofAA&ISO

XDS Data Type	Source Standard	Encoding Specification
		No other values/modifications in other components or subcomponents are allowed. Specifically, components 2 and 3 shall be empty as listed above.
		An explicit example is:
		543797436^^^&1.2.840.113619.6.197&ISO
		Note that the '&' character must be properly encoded in the XML content. See the examples in the tables below for the appropriate representation.
DTM	HL7 V2 Date Time	This is a date/time value, represented as precisely as possible. All date time values in the registry are stored using universal coordinated time [UTC].
		"UTC" implies that the source and the consumer shall convert the time from/to the local time.
		The format of these values is defined as the following regular expression:
		YYYY[MM[DD[hh[mm[ss]]]]]
		Where:
		YYYY is the four digit year i.e. 2006
		MM is the two digit month 01-12, where Jan is 01, Feb is 02, etc.
		DD is the two digit day of the month 01-31
		HH is the two digit hour, 00-23, where 00 is midnight, 01 is 1 am, 12 is noon, 13 is 1 pm, etc.
		mm is the two digit minute, 00-59
		ss is the two digit seconds, 00-59
		The following are legal date time values with increasing precision representing the date and time January 2, 2005, 3:04:05am 2005 200501 20050102 2005010203 200501020304 20050102030405
OID	ISO Object Identifier	An ISO Object identifier. Limited in length to 64 characters, and made up of characters from the set [0-9.]. It must start with an integer, and is followed by one or more additional integer values, separated by periods. Integers are represented without leading 0 digits unless the value is zero.
		1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005.3.7
		In the attribute tables below, when an OID format is specified, it shall follow the assignment and format rules defined for document UID in ITI TF-2x: Appendix B
Field	HL7 V2 Message Segment	Specified as the Field identifier, followed by a pipe () and then the data value represented with corresponding HL7 V2 data type as defined in HL7 standard. Note that if a HL7 data type is used to derive XDS data type (as shown in this table), the derived XDS data type shall be used to represent the value.
		An example of field Patient Identifier List (the third field of PID segment) is as follows:
		PID-3 DTP-1^^&1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005.3.7& ISO
SHA1	Document hash calculated with SHA1 algorithm	See RFC 3174 US Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA1), September 2001

XDS Data Type	Source Standard	Encoding Specification
URI	Uniform Resource Identifer	See RFC 2616
UUID	Universally Unique Identifier	A DCE Universally Unique Identifier, represented in registry attributes using the URN syntax for UUIDs:
XCN	HL7 V2 Extended Person Name	urn:uuid:9e0110f8-4748-4f1e-b0a8-cecae32209c7 This data type describes a person along with the identifier by which he is known in some domain (either the source domain or the XDS affinity domain), using the HL7 v2.5 XCN data type. This data type contains, amongst others,
		Identifier
		Last Name
		First Name
		Second and Further Given Names
		Suffix
		Prefix
		Assigning Authority
		All of the HL7 v2.5 fields may be specified as optional components with the following restrictions:
		Either name or an identifier shall be present. Inclusion of other components is optional provided the slot value length restrictions imposed by ebXML2.1 and ebXML3.0, 64 and 256 bytes respectively, is not exceeded.
		If component 1 (ID Number) is specified, component 9 (Assigning Authority) shall be present if available.
		The XDS XCN Component 9 is subject to the same the restrictions as defined for the XDS CX data type component 4. Thus: the first subcomponent shall be empty, the second subcomponent must be an ISO OID (e.g., 1.2.840.113619.6.197), and the third subcomponent shall read 'ISO'.
		Any empty component shall be treated by the Document Registry as not specified. This is in compliance with HL7 v2.5.
		Trailing delimiters are recommended to be trimmed off. Document Registries shall ignore trailing delimiters. This is in compliance with HL7 v2.5.(Update registry validation table as well to note this.)
		A example of person name with ID number using this data type is as follows:
		11375^Welby^Marcus^J^Jr. MD^Dr^^^&1.2.840.113619.6.197&ISO
XON	HL7 V2 Organization	This type provides the name and identification of an organization. This specification restricts the coding to the following fields:
	Name	XON.1 – Organization Name – this field is required
		XON.6.2 – Assigning Authority Universal Id – this field is required if XON.10 is valued and not an OID
		XON.6.3 – Assigning Authority Universal Id Type – this field is required if XON.10 is valued and not an OID and shall have the value "ISO"
		XON.10 – Organization Identifier – this field is optional
		No other fields shall be specified. The XON data type in XDS Metadata results in a valid encoding of an HL7 V2.5 XON encoding, with the

XDS Data Type	Source Standard	Encoding Specification
		exception of length limitations. Component lenth restrictions are unobserved, however, the total length including delimiters shall not exceed the limit of the ebXML Slot Value.
		It is common for organizations to be uniquely identified by an OID. In such cases, the Organization Identifier(component 10) may contain the organization's OID. If the Organization Identifier is not an OID, the metadata use assumes that it has been assigned so that the composite ID created by combining components 6 and 10 is a unique identifier for the organization. The XDS affinity domain must ensure that this assumption is correct, through appropriate policies for assigning authorities.
		Examples:
		Some Hospital
		Some Hospital^^^^^^1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.1789.45
		Some Hospital^^^^&1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.1789&ISO^^^^45

The source/query column indicates which attributes are required during submission, and whether the registry must support the ability to execute queries against them.

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Table 4.1-4 Codes for Source/Query Column

Code	Meaning	
R	Required	
R2	Required if Known	
0	Optional	
P	Registry is not required to support query of this attribute.	
Ср	Computed/Assigned by Repository, required in register transaction.	
Cg	Computed/Assigned by Registry	
Cx	Optionally Computed/Assigned by a Document Registry	

The XDSDocumentEntry object type is created in ebXML Registry by extending the ebXML Registry ObjectType Classification Scheme2.

The following metadata elements shall be used to describe an XDS Document. They shall be provided by the Document Repository Actor in the Register Document Set Transaction either directly if grouped with a Document Source Actor or forwarded from a Provide and Register Document Set Transaction.

The XDSDocumentEntry.URI shall be supplied by the Document Repository Actor. Its value is dependent on how the repository stores the document.

Each attribute shown below is an attribute on the XDSDocumentEntry object. The attribute name is defined with a prefix of the object type of XDSDocumentEntry when referenced by other objects, for example XDSDocumentEntry.patientId.

² The specific requirement in ebRIM that object types be user extendable was introduced after version 2.0.

Table 4.1-5 Document Metadata Attribute Definition

XDSDocument	Definition	Source/	Constraints
Entry Attribute		Query	
author	Represents the humans and/or machines that authored the document. This attribute contains the following sub-attributes:	R2/R	ebRIM
	authorInstitution		
	authorPerson		
	authorRole		
	authorSpecialty		
	which are individually defined below.		
	The author attribute is defined as a Classification which contains the above sub-attributes. The author attribute itself does not have a simple value. It defines a structure to hold its sub-attributes. An instance of this Classification shall be considered a single value of the author attribute. If present, the author attribute shall have one or more values. Each instance of this Classification shall contain:		
	One instance of the authorPerson sub-attribute		
	Zero or more instances of the authorInstitution sub- attribute		
	Zero or more instances of the authorRole sub-attribute		
	Zero or more instances of the authorSpecialty sub- attribute		
	The following example shows the definition of a single author. The classification shows the required authorPerson Slot holding the required single value. Single values are shown for authorInstitution, authorRole, and authorSpecialty. Multiple values for these three sub-attributes, if present, shall be coded as additional Value elements within the Slot/ValueList having the correct name.		
	<pre><rim:classification classificationscheme="urn:uuid:93606bcf- 9494-43ec-9b4e-a7748d1a838d" classifiedobject="theDocument" noderepresentation=""> <!-- nodeRepresentation intentionally left blank--></rim:classification></pre>		
	<pre><rim:slot name="authorPerson"></rim:slot></pre>		
	<pre><rim:slot name="authorInstitution"> <!-- may be multivalued--> <rim:valuelist> <rim:value> Some</rim:value></rim:valuelist></rim:slot></pre>		
	Hospital^^^^^^1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.1789.45		

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre><rim:slot name="authorRole"></rim:slot></pre>		
authorInstitution (sub-attribute of author)	Represents a specific healthcare facility under which the human and/or machines authored the document. A specific case is that of homecare. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage. See author for example.	R2/R	XON
authorPerson (sub-attribute of author)	Represents the humans and/or machines that authored the document within the authorInstitution. The document author may be the patient itself. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage. See author for example.	R2/R	XCN
authorRole (sub- attribute of author)	A code that represents the role of the author with respect to the patient when the document was created. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage. See author for example.	R2/O	
authorSpecialty (sub-attribute of author)	Represents a specific specialty within a healthcare facility under which the human and/or machines authored the document. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage. See author for example.	R2/O	
availabilityStatus	An XDS Document shall have one of two availability statuses: Approved available for patient care Deprecated obsolete This attribute is always set to Approved as part of the submission of new XDS Documents. It may be changed to Deprecated under the primary responsibility of the Document	Cg/R	

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	Source with possible patient supervision. Although XDS supports the ability to delete documents, there is no such state as "the Document Entry is removed" (only an audit trail is kept if such a deletion is allowed).		
	This list may be extended in the future. See ITI TF-3: 4.1.3.3 Atomicity Requirements for XDS Submission Requests for additional details.		
	If present, shall have a single value.		
	The example below shows the status attribute, however, this attribute is only returned on query, not set during any registry or repository transaction.		
	<pre><extrinsicobject id="urn:uuid:fbeacdb7-5421-4474-9267- 985007cd8855" mimetype="application/octet-stream" objecttype="urn:uuid:7edca82f-054d-47f2-a032- 9b2a5b5186c1" status="Approved"></extrinsicobject></pre>		
classCode	The code specifying the particular kind of document (e.g. Prescription, Discharge Summary, Report). It is suggested that the XDS Affinity Domain draws these values from a coding scheme providing a coarse level of granularity (about 10 to 100 entries). Shall have a single value.	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific
	<pre><rim:classification classificationscheme="</td"><td></td><td></td></rim:classification></pre>		
	<pre></pre>		
classCode DisplayName	The name to be displayed for communicating to a human the meaning of the classCode. Shall have a single value for each value of classCode.	R/P	XDS Affinity Domain
	See classCode for example.		specific
comments	Comments associated with the Document. Free form text with an XDS Affinity Domain specified usage. <pre></pre> <p< td=""><td>O/P</td><td>XDS Affinity Domain specific</td></p<>	O/P	XDS Affinity Domain specific
confidentialityCo de	The code specifying the level of confidentiality of the XDS Document. These codes are specific to an XDS Affinity	R/P	XDS Affinity

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	Domain. Enforcement and issues related to highly sensitive documents are beyond the scope of XDS (see security section). These issues are expected to be addressed in later years. confidentialityCode is part of a codification scheme and value set enforced by the Document Registry. Shall have one or more values. Code multiple values by creating multiple classification objects. <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre></pre>		Domain specific
creationTime	Represents the time the author created the document in the Document Source. Shall have a single value. <pre></pre> <pre><td>R/R</td><td>DTM</td></pre>	R/R	DTM
entryUUID	The globally unique identifier (may be assigned by either by Source, Repository, or Registry) is primarily intended for use as a document registry management identifier. It is not meant to be an external reference for XDS Documents (e.g. in links within other documents). The uniqueld is meant for that purpose so that such links remain valid beyond the XDS Affinity Domain. If present, shall have a single value. In the example below, the entryUUID is a6e06ca8-0c75-4064-9e5c-88b9045a96f6 <ri><rim:extrinsicobject id="urn:uuid:a6e06ca8-0c75-4064-9e5c-88b9045a96f6" mimetype="application/pdf" objecttype="urn:uuid:7edca82f-054d-47f2-a032-9b2a5b5186c1"></rim:extrinsicobject></ri>	Cg/P	UUID
eventCodeList	This list of codes represents the main clinical acts, such as a colonoscopy or an appendectomy, being documented. In some cases, the event is inherent in the typeCode, such as a "History and Physical Report" in which the procedure being documented is necessarily a "History and Physical" act. An event can further specialize the act inherent in the typeCode, such as where it is simply "Procedure Report" and the procedure was a "colonoscopy". If one or more eventCodes are included, they shall not conflict with the values inherent in the classCode, practiceSettingCode or typeCode, as such a conflict would	O/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	create an ambiguous situation. This short list of codes is provided to be used as "key words" for certain types of queries. If present, shall have one or more values.		
	<pre><rim:classification classificationscheme="</td"><td></td><td></td></rim:classification></pre>		
eventCodeListDi splay Name	<pre> The list of names to be displayed for communicating to human reader the meaning of the eventCode. If present, shall have a single value corresponding to each value in eventCodeList.</pre>	O3/P	XDS Affinity Domain
	See eventCodeList for an example.		specific
formatCode	Code globally uniquely specifying the format of the document. Along with the typeCode, it should provide sufficient information to allow any potential XDS Document Consumer to know if it will be able to process the document. The formatCode shall be sufficiently specific to ensure processing/display by identifying a document encoding, structure and template (e.g. for a CDA Document, the fact that it complies with a CDA schema, possibly a template and the choice of a content-specific style sheet). Shall have a single value. Format codes may be specified by multiple organizations. Format codes defined by ITI shall have names with the prefix urn:ihe:iti:	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific
	Format codes defined by other IHE domains shall have names with the prefix urn:ihe:'domain initials':		
	Format codes defined by the Affinity Domain shall have names with the prefix		
	urn:ad:'name of affinity domain':		
	Affinity Domains shall be unique.		
	The prefixes described here are not assumed to be exhaustive.		
	<pre><rim:classification classificationscheme="</pre"></rim:classification></pre>		

³ Required if eventCode has a value.

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre>"urn:uuid:a09d5840-386c-46f2-b5ad- 9c3699a4309d" classifiedObject="theDocument" nodeRepresentation="formatCode" ></pre>		
hash	Hash key of the XDS Document itself. This value is computed by the Document Repository and used by the Document Registry for detecting the improper resubmission of XDS Documents. If present, shall have a single value. If this attribute is received in a Provide and Register Document Set [ITI-15] or Provide and Register Document Set [ITI-15] or Provide and Register Document Set-b [ITI-41] transactions it shall be ignored. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Cp/P	SHA1 hash See ITI TF-2a: 3.15.4.1 ITI TF-2.b: 3.41.4.1
healthcareFacilit y TypeCode	This code represents the type of organizational setting of the clinical encounter during which the documented act occurred. In some cases, the setting of the encounter is inherent in the typeCode, such as "Diabetes Clinic Progress Note". healthcareFacilityTypeCode shall be equivalent to or further specialize the value inherent in the typeCode; for example, where the typeCode is simply "Clinic Progress Note" and the value of healthcareFacilityTypeCode is "private clinic". The value shall not conflict with the value inherent in the typeCode, as such a conflict would create an ambiguous situation. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pr< td=""><td>R/R</td><td>XDS Affinity Domain specific</td></pr<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre> </pre>		
healthcareFacilit y TypeCodeDispla y Name	The name to be displayed for communicating to a human the meaning of the healthcareFacilityTypeCode. Shall have a single value for each value of healthcareFacilityTypeCode. See healthcareFacilityTypeCode for an example.	R/P	XDS Affinity Domain specific
homeCommunit yId	A globally unique identifier for a community.	Cx/O	64 character OID in URI syntax See TF-2a: 3.18.4.1.2.3.8
languageCode	Specifies the human language of character data in the document. The values of the attribute are language identifiers as described by the IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) RFC 3066. This value may further be restricted by the registry according to XDS Affinity Domain specific policy. Shall have a single value.	R/P	
	<pre><rim:slot name="languageCode"></rim:slot></pre>		
legalAuthenticat or	Represents a participant who has legally authenticated or attested the document within the authorInstitution. Legal authentication implies that a document has been signed manually or electronically by the legalAuthenticator. This attribute may be absent if not applicable. If present, shall have a single value	O/O	XCN
	<pre><rim:slot name="legalAuthenticator"> <rim:valuelist></rim:valuelist></rim:slot></pre>		
	<pre></pre>		
mimeType	MIME type of the document in the Repository. Shall have a single value.	R/P	
	<pre><rim:extrinsicobject id="theDocument" mimetype="application/pdf" objecttype="urn:uuid:7edca82f-054d- 47f2-a032-9b2a5b5186c1"></rim:extrinsicobject></pre>		
patientId	The patientId represents the subject of care of the document. This identifier shall be from the Assigning Authority Domain supporting the XDS Affinity Domain in which the Document Registry operates. It shall contain two parts:	R/R	CX
	Authority Domain Id (enforced by the Registry)		
	An Id in the above domain. No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in		
	Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are		

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed.		
	The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Submission Set.		
	Shall have a single value.		
	<pre><rim:externalidentifier <="" identificationscheme="urn:uuid:6b5aeala-874d-4603-a4bc- 96a0a7b38446" pre=""></rim:externalidentifier></pre>		
	<pre>value="6578946^^^&1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005.3.7&a mp;IS O" ></pre>		
	<pre><rim:name></rim:name></pre>		
practiceSettingC ode	The code specifying the clinical specialty where the act that resulted in the document was performed (e.g. Familly Practice, Laboratory, Radiology). It is suggested that the XDS Affinity Domain draws these values from a coding scheme providing a coarse level of granularity (about 10 to 100 entries). Shall have a single value.	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific
	<pre><rim:classification< td=""><td></td><td></td></rim:classification<></pre>		
	<rim:name></rim:name>		
	<pre>value="practiceSettingCodeDisplayName"</pre>		
practiceSettingC ode DisplayName	The name to be displayed for communicating to a human the meaning of the practiceSettingCode. Shall have a single value for each value of practiceSettingCode.	R/P	XDS Affinity Domain
ropositom I Ini a	See practiceSettingCode for an example. The globally unique identifier of the repository where the		specific
repositoryUnique Id	The globally unique identifier of the repository where the document is stored, assigned by the Document Repository. This unique identifier for the Document Repository may be used to identify and connect to the specific Document Repository where	Cp/P	See ITI TF- 2a:
	the document is stored once its metadata has been retrieved from		3.14.4.1.2
	a Document Registry. This repositoryUniqueId is intended to respond to the following		3.15.4.1

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	types of usage:		ITI TF-2b:
	The means to reference the Document Repository where this XDS document is stored. The repositoryUniqueId represents an immutable id for the Document Repository.		3.41.4.1
	The means to ensure that a XDS Document is retrieved from the appropriate Document Repository.		3.42.4.1.2
	Shall have a single value.		
	<pre><rim:slot name="repositoryUniqueId"></rim:slot></pre>		
serviceStartTime	Represents the start time the service being documented took place (clinically significant, but not necessarily when the document was produced or approved). This may be the same as the encounter time in case the service was delivered during an encounter. Encounter time is not coded in XDS metadata but may be coded in documents managed by XDS. This time is expressed as (date/time/UTC). If present, shall have a single value. Note: Other times, such as document creation or approval are to be recorded, if needed, within the document.	R2/R	HL7 V2 DTM
	<pre><rim:slot name="serviceStartTime"></rim:slot></pre>		
serviceStopTime	Represents the stop time the service being documented took place (clinically significant, but not necessarily when the document was produced or approved). This may be the same as the encounter time in case the service was delivered during an encounter. Encounter time is not coded in XDS metadata but may be coded in documents managed by XDS. This time is expressed as (date/time/UTC). If the Service happens at a point in time, this attribute shall contain the same value as the serviceStartTime. If present, shall have a single value.	R2/R	HL7 V2 DTM
	<pre><rim:slot name="serviceStopTime"></rim:slot></pre>		
	<pre> </pre>		
size	Size in bytes of the byte stream that was provided in the Register and Provide Transaction and stored by the XDS Document Repository. This value is computed by the Document Repository and included in the Register Documents Set Transaction. If present, shall have a single value.	Cp/P	Integer See ITI TF- 2a:
	If this attribute is received in a Provide and Register Document Set [ITI-15] or Provide and Register Document Set-b [ITI-41] transactions it shall be ignored.		3.15.4.1 ITI TF-2b:
	<pre><rim:slot name="size"> <rim:valuelist></rim:valuelist></rim:slot></pre>		3.41.4.1

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre></pre>		
sourcePatientId	The sourcePatientId represents the subject of care medical record Identifier (e.g. Patient Id) in the local patient Identifier Domain of the Document Source. It shall contain two parts: Authority Domain Id An Id in the above domain (e.g. Patient Id). This sourcePatientId is not intended to be updated once the Document is registered (just as the Document content and metadata itself will not be updated without replacing the previous document). As this sourcePatientId may have been merged by the source actor, it may no longer be in use within the Document Source (EHR-CR). It is only intended as an audit/checking mechanism and has occasional use for Document Consumer Actors. There can be only one Slot named sourcePatientInfo. <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	R/P	CX
sourcePatientInf o	This attribute should contain demographics information of the patient to whose medical record this document belongs, as the Document Source knew it at the time of Submission. This information typically includes: the patient first and last name, sex, and birth date. The Clinical XDS Affinity Domain policies may require more or less specific information and format. This patient information is not intended to be updated once the Document is registered (just as the Document content and metadata itself will not be updated without replacing the previous document). As sourcePatientInfo may have been updated by the source actor, it may no longer be in use within the Document Source (EHR-CR). It is only intended as an audit/checking mechanism and has occasional use for Document Consumer actors. Shall have a single value (only a single sourcePatientInfo slot may be present). <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	O/P	

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	PID-5 should include the patient name. PID-8 should code the patient gender as M - MaleF - Female O - OtherU - Unknown PID-7 should include the patient date of birth. PID-11 should include the patient address. PID-2, PID-4, PID-12 and PID-19 should not be used.		
title	Represents the title of the document. Clinical documents often do not have a title, and are collectively referred to by the display name of the classCode (e.g. a "consultation" or "progress note"). Where these display names are rendered to the clinician, or where the document has a unique title, the title component shall be used. Max length, 128 bytes, UTF-8. If present, shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	O/P	
typeCode	The code specifying the precise kind of document (e.g. Pulmonary History and Physical, Discharge Summary, Ultrasound Report). It is suggested that the XDS Affinity Domain draw these values from a coding scheme providing a fine level of granularity. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific
typeCodeDisplay Name	The name to be displayed for communicating to a human the meaning of the typeCode. Shall have a single value for each value of typeCode. See typeCode for an example.	R/P	XDS Affinity Domain specific
uniqueId	The globally unique identifier assigned by the document creator	R/R	See ITI TF-3:

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	to this document. This unique identifier may be used in the body of other XDS Documents to reference this document. The length of Unique Identifier shall not exceed 128 bytes. The structure and format of this Id shall be consistent with the specification corresponding to the format attribute. (e.g. for a DICOM standard document a 64 character numeric UID, for an HL7 CDA format a serialization of the CDA Document id extension and root in the form oid^extension, where OID is a 64 digits max, and the ID is a 16 UTF-8 char max). If the oid is coded without the extension then the '^' character shall not be included. This uniqueId is intended to respond to the following types of usage: The means to reference this XDS document from within the content of another document. Neither the XDS Registry nor the Repository is aware of such references, but the Document Sources and Consumers are. The means to ensure that when a XDS Document is retrieved from the XDS Document Repository using the URI component, the selected XDS Document is the correct one. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre>		4.1.7.2
URI	When used in the Register Document Set transaction, this contains the URI of the XDS Document to be used for retrieval. If present, shall have a single value. XDS does not constraint the format of this URI beyond RFC 2616. However, the IHE Retrieve Information for Display Integration Profile defined format may be used in cases where the Document repository is grouped with a RID Information Source Actor (See ITI TF-1: Appendix E.5) RID links can be used only if they yield the document in full fidelity. There are two formats for coding this attribute. If the string representing the URI is 128 characters or shorter, the short format may be used: <pre></pre> <pre><td>Cp/P</td><td>URI See ITI TF-2a: 3.14.4.1.2 3.15.4.1 ITI TF-2b: 3.41.4.1 3.42.4.1.2</td></pre>	Cp/P	URI See ITI TF-2a: 3.14.4.1.2 3.15.4.1 ITI TF-2b: 3.41.4.1 3.42.4.1.2

XDSDocument Entry Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	eDocument? <pre> 2 requestType=DOCUMENT&document</pre>		
	UID=1.2.3		
	<pre></pre>		
	Each value is ordered by its ordering prefix: ordering-prefix :== digit vertical-bar digit :== '1' '2' '3' '4' '5' '6' '7' '8' '9' vertical-bar :== ' ' The long version may be used for URIs of less than 129 characters. This profile does not specify how a URI is to be broken up into pieces. The following example is valid.		
	<pre><rim:slot name="URI"></rim:slot></pre>		
	The long version is assembled into a URI by concatenating the Values without the ordering prefixes in the order specified by the ordering-prefixes. Note: the document URI attribute is optional for XDS.b implementations. If the XDSDocumentEntry.URI attribute is present, then the Document Repository shall support the Retrieve Document transaction (ITI TF-2a::3.17). More details on this scenario are described in ITI TF-1: 10.7.2 Example of Coexistence among XDS.a and XDS.b Interfaces.		

4.1.7.1 XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode

In general, the repository holds an octet stream representing the document. The registry metadata describes, among other things, the format of the document. This is coded in XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode. This code will identify document format parameters necessary for interoperability. Rules about handling the formatCode are necessary but are not imposed by XDS. In the future IHE content specific Integration Profiles may be created that specify these rules.

Note: Although only a small number of document standards may be used, a large number of code values may be defined to point to specific templates and archetypes structuring specific document content.

4.1.7.2 XDSDocumentEntry.uniqueld

The specification of the format and encoding for this attribute depends on the document standard defining the content of the XDS Document (*e.g.* OID with optional extension ID for HL7 CDA, UUID in some cases, SOP Instance UID for DICOM composite objects. Format is: OID^Extension). This attribute shall not exceed 128 bytes in size. It shall be used as an opaque and globally unique identifier for the XDS Document. Document Consumers, Registries, Repositories shall not attempt to interpret its content. When the Extension is not present, the '^' character shall not be included.

4.1.7.3 XDSDocumentEntry.repositoryUniqueId

To better match the Web Services messaging architecture and provide a MTOM/XOP binding for the Retrieve Document Set and the Provide and Register Document Set-b transactions, it is necessary to further specify the location of the document to identify the actual Document Repository that contains it before the Document Repository can be queried to retrieve the actual document.

The Document Repository shall populate the following attribute in the XDSDocumentEntry class:

repositoryUniqueId: this single-valued attribute of type OID represents the unique id of the Document Repository that stores the document. The attribute is populated by the Document Repository as part of the Provide and Register Document Set-b transaction. The Document Repository id is considered immutable throughout the lifetime of the Document Repository to which it is associated. In other words, once an id has been associated to a Document Repository it can never change. The repositoryUniqueId attributes are defined in a community and assigned to Document Repository actors.

The Document Repository shall populate this attribute before registering documents in the Document Registry. This allows for positive identification of the web service endopoint of the Document Repository for the purposes of retrieving a document or set of documents. The mechanism by which the service endpoints are discovered and associated to the appropriate actors and how that configuration is maintained is out of scope for this transaction.

4.1.8 Submission Set Metadata

The following metadata elements shall be used to describe an XDS Submission Set. They shall be provided by the Document Source Actor in the Provide and Register Document Set transaction. They shall be provided by the Document Repository Actor in the Register Document Set Transaction either directly if grouped with a Document Source Actor or forwarded from a Provide and Register Document Set Transaction.

Each of the attributes listed below is an attribute on the RegistryPackage object defining the Submission Set. The attribute name is defined with a prefix of the object type of XDSSubmissionSet when referenced by other objects, for example XDSSubmissionSet.sourceId.

In the attribute tables below, when an OID format is specified, it shall follow the assignment and format rules defined for document UID in ITI TF-2x: Appendix B.

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Table 4.1-6 Submission Set Metadata Attribute Definitions

XDS SubmissionSet Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	Represents the humans and/or machines that authored the document. This attribute contains the following subattributes: • authorPerson • authorPerson • authorSpecialty which are individually defined below. The author attribute is defined as a Classification which contains the above sub-attributes. The author attribute itself does not have a simple value. It defines a structure to hold its sub-attributes. An instance of this Classification shall be considered a single value of the author attribute. If present, the author attribute shall have one or more values. Each instance of this Classification shall contain: • One instance of the authorPerson sub-attribute • Zero or more instances of the authorInstitution subattribute • Zero or more instances of the authorRole subattribute • Zero or more instances of the authorSpecialty subattribute The following example shows the definition of a single author. The classification shows the required authorPerson Slot holding the required single value. Single values are shown for authorInstitution, authorRole, and authorSpecialty. Multiple values for these three sub-attributes, if present, shall be coded as additional Value elements within the Slot/ValueList having the correct name. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre< td=""><td>R2/R</td><td>ebRIM</td></pre<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	R2/R	ebRIM
	<pre></pre>		

XDS SubmissionSet Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre><rim:slot name="authorRole"></rim:slot></pre>		
	<pre> </pre>		
	<pre><rim:slot name="authorSpecialty"></rim:slot></pre>		
	<pre> </pre>		
authorInstitution (sub-attribute of author)	Represents a specific healthcare facility under which the human and/or machines authored the Submission Set. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage.	R2/R	XON
and a Dance (and	See author for example.	O/D	VCN
authorPerson (sub- attribute of author)	Represents the human and/or machines that authored the Submission Set. The document author may be the patient itself. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage. See author for example.	O/R	XCN
authorRole (sub- attribute of author)	A code that represents the role of the author with respect to the patient when the submission set was created. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage.	R2/O	
	See author for example.	70/0	
authorSpecialty (sub-attribute of author)	Represents a specific specialty within a healthcare facility under which the human and/or machines authored the submission set. This is a sub-attribute of the author attribute. See the author attribute for definition of the requirements of usage.	R2/O	
and lability Control	See author for example.	C=/D	
availabilityStatus	An XDSSubmissionSet shall have one of two availability statuses: Submitted submission transaction not completed, not available for patient care Approved available for patient care This attribute is always set to Approved as part of a successful submission of new XDS Documents. XDS does not allow for the deprecation of Submission Sets. See ITI TF-3: 4.1.3.3 Atomicity Requirements for XDS	Cg/R	

XDS SubmissionSet Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	Submission Requests for additional details.		
	If present, shall have a single value.		
	The example below shows the status attribute, however, this attribute is only returned on query, not set during any registry or repository transaction.		
	<pre><rim:registrypackage id="urn:uuid:fbeacdb7-5421-4474-9267-985007cd8855" status="Approved"></rim:registrypackage></pre>		
comments	Comments associated with the Submission Set. Free form text with an XDS Affinity Domain specified usage. <pre></pre> <pre><td>O/P</td><td>Use specific to XDS Affinity Domain.</td></pre>	O/P	Use specific to XDS Affinity Domain.
	<pre></pre>		
contentTypeCode	The code specifying the type of clinical activity that resulted in placing these XDS Documents in this XDS-Submission Set. These values are to be drawn for a vocabulary defined by the XDS Affinity Domain. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre>	R/R	XDS Affinity Domain specific
contentTypeCode DisplayName	The name to be displayed for communicating to a human the meaning of the contentTypeCode. Shall have a single value for each value of contentTypeCode. See contentTypeCode for an example.	R/P	XDS Affinity Domain specific
entryUUID	The globally unique identifier (may be assigned by either by Source, Repository, or Registry) is primarily intended for use as a document registry management identifier. It is not meant to be an external reference for XDS Documents (e.g. in links within other documents). The uniqueId is meant for that purpose so that such links remain valid beyond the XDS Affinity Domain. If present, shall have a single value. In the example below, the entryUUID is urn:uuid:a6e06ca8-0c75-4064-9e5d-88b9045a9ab6	Cg/O	UUID

XDS SubmissionSet Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre><rim:registrypackage id="urn:uuid:a6e06ca8-0c75-4064-9e5d-88b9045a9ab6" mimetype="application/pdf"></rim:registrypackage></pre>		
homeCommunityId	A globally unique identifier for a community.	Cx/O	64 character OID in URI syntax See TF-2a: 3.18.4.1.2.3.8
intendedRecipient	Represents the organization(s) or person(s) for whom the Submission set is intended. If present, shall have one or more values. Each entry should include one organization, one person, or both. Example below shows two doctors from the same organization, another doctor without precision of the organization and another organization without the precision of the person. If this attribute is received in a Provide and Register Document Set or Register Document Set transaction, it shall be ignored. Note: It is highly recommended to define the organization for all the persons, avoiding errors in the transmission of the documents internally at the Document Recipient side. There is a " " character separator between the organization and the person, which is required when the person information is present. <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pr< td=""><td>O/O</td><td>XON/XCN</td></pr<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	O/O	XON/XCN
	<pre>cus^^^Dr^MD</pre>		
patientId	The patientId represents the medical record identifier of subject of care whose longitudinal record is being maintained, as selected by the Document Source. Attaching an existing document for patient A to a folder for patient B is presumed in this case to be an update to the longitudinal record for patient B. In this case, the Submission Set patientId would be that of patient B. This identifier shall be from the Assigning Authority Domain supporting the XDS Affinity Domain in which the Document Registry operates. It shall contain two parts: Authority Domain Id (enforced by the Registry) An Id in the above domain. No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are	R/R	CX

XDS Definition Source/ **Constraints SubmissionSet** Query Attribute further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Submission Set. Shall have a single value. <rim:ExternalIdentifier identificationScheme= " urn:uuid:6b5aea1a-874d-4603-a4bc-96a0a7b38446" value="6578946^^^&1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005 .3.7& ISO" <rim:Name> <rim:LocalizedString value = "XDSSubmissionSet.patientId"/> </rim:Name> </rim:ExternalIdentifier> OID identifying the instance of the Document Source that R/R OID sourceId contributed the Submission Set. When a "broker" is involved in sending submission sets from a collection of client systems, it should use a different source ID for submissions from each separate system to allow for tracking. Shall have a single value. <rim:ExternalIdentifier identificationScheme= "urn:uuid:554ac39e-e3fe-47fe-b233-965d2a147832" value="1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005.3.7" <rim:Name> <rim:LocalizedString value = "XDSSubmissionSet.sourceId"/> </rim:Name> </rim:ExternalIdentifier> R/R DTM submissionTime Point in Time at the Document Source when the Submission Set was created and issued for registration to the Document Registry. Shall have a single value. This shall be provided by the Document Source (in case of email with significant delay). <rim:Slot name="submissionTime"> <rim:ValueList> <rim: Value>20041225212010</rim: Value> </rim:ValueList> </rim:Slot> title Represents the title of the Submission Set. If present, shall O/P **XDS** Affinity have a single value. Domain specific <rim:Name> <rim:LocalizedString value="title"/> </rim:Name> Globally unique identifier for the submission-set instance R/R OID uniqueId See ITI TF-2x: assigned by the Document Source in OID format. Shall have a single value. Appendix B <rim:ExternalIdentifier identificationScheme= " urn:uuid:96fdda7c-d067-4183-912e-

XDS SubmissionSet Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	bf5ee74998a8"		
	value="1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005.3.7.3670984664		
	">		
	<rim:name></rim:name>		
	<rim:localizedstring value="</th"><th></th><th></th></rim:localizedstring>		
	"XDSSubmissionSet.uniqueId"/>		
	<pre></pre>		

445 4.1.8.1 Creating an XDSSubmissionSet object from a RegistryPackage element

An XDSSubmissionSet object shall be created from a RegistryPackage element by labeling it with a Classification of type urn:uuid:a54d6aa5-d40d-43f9-88c5-b4633d873bdd. A receiver of metadata shall accept the Classification element coded within the RegistryPackage element or on the same level. The following XML example demonstrates these two valid approaches to coding the Classification.

450 Classification coded inside the RegistryPackage object

Classification coded outside the RegistryPackage object

```
ea235fbc94c2" classifiedObject="Fol"/>
<...>
```

The following UUIDs shall be used to label RegistryPackage elements as Submission Set or Folder

Object being coded	UUID used on the Classification
Submission Set urn:uuid:a54d6aa5-d40d-43f9-88c5-b4633d873bdd	
Folder	urn:uuid:d9d542f3-6cc4-48b6-8870-ea235fbc94c2

4.1.9 Folder Metadata

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The following metadata elements shall be used to describe an XDS Folder. They shall be provided by the Document Source Actor in the Provide and Register Document Set transaction. They shall be provided by the Document Repository Actor in the Register Document Set transaction if this transaction is used outside the context of a Provide and Register Document Set transaction.

Each of the attributes listed below is an attribute on the RegistryPackage object defining the Folder. The attribute name is defined with a prefix of the object type of XDSFolder when referenced by other objects, for example XDSFolder.patientId.

In the attribute tables below, when an OID format is specified, it shall follow the assignment and format rules defined for document UID in ITI TF-2x: Appendix B.

Note: Prior to the availability of this attribute the comments attribute might have been used to hold the title of the folder (folder name). With the addition of this attribute the comments attribute shall not be expected to hold the folder name.

Table 4.1-7 Folder Metadata Attribute Definitions

XDSFolder Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
availabilityStatus	An XDSFolder shall have one of two availability statuses:	Cg/R	
	Submitted submission transaction not completed, not available for patient care		
	Approved available for patient care		
	This attribute is always set to Approved as part of a successful submission of new XDS Folders. XDS does not allow for the deprecation of Folders.		
	See ITI TF-3: 4.1.3.3 Atomicity Requirements for XDS Submission Requests for additional details.		
	If present, shall have a single value.		
	The example below shows the status attribute, however, this attribute is only returned on query, not set during any registry or repository transaction.		

XDSFolder Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<rim:registrypackage id="urn:uuid:fbeacdb7-5421-4474-9267-985007cd8855" status="Approved"></rim:registrypackage>		
codeList	The list of codes specifying the type of clinical activity that resulted in placing these XDS Documents in this XDSFolder. These values are to be drawn for a vocabulary or coding scheme defined by the Clinical XDS Affinity Domain. When a new submission request associates XDS Documents (new submission or previously submitted) to an XDS Folder, the Code included in the codeList is appended to the existing list of codes for this Folder (if any) unless this code is already present in the list managed by the Registry for the same XDS-Folder.	R/R	Multi-Valued. XDS Affinity Domain specific
	Only one code may be assigned to the Folder when an XDS Document is placed in a Folder. Shall have one or more values. <pre><rim:classification< td=""><td></td><td></td></rim:classification<></pre>		
	"urn:uuid:1ba97051-7806-41a8-a48b- 8fce7af683c5" classifiedObject="Folder" nodeRepresentation="codeList" > <rim:name> <rim:localizedstring< td=""><td></td><td></td></rim:localizedstring<></rim:name>		
	<pre>value="codeListCodeDisplayName" /></pre>		
	<pre></pre>		
codeListDisplay Name	The list of human readable descriptions of the meaning of each of the codes present in the codeList. Shall have a single value corresponding to each value in codeList. Only one code may be assigned to the Folder when an XDS	R/P	Multi-valued.
	Document is placed in such a Folder. See codeList for an example.		
comments	Comments associated with the Folder. Free form text with an XDS Affinity Domain specified usage.	O/P	XDS Affinity Domain specific.
	<pre><rim:description></rim:description></pre>		
entryUUID	The globally unique identifier (may be assigned by either by Source, Repository, or Registry) is primarily intended for use as a document registry management identifier. It is not meant to be an external reference for XDS Documents (e.g. in links within other documents). The uniqueId is meant for that purpose so that such links remain valid beyond the XDS Affinity Domain. If present,	Cg/O	UUID

Shall have a single value. In the example below, the entryUUID is unmuidae606ca8-0c75-4064-9e5c-88b9045a9ab6	XDSFolder Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
Id="urn: uuid: a 6e0 6ca 8-0c75-4064-9e5c-88b9045a9ab6"		In the example below, the entryUUID is		
lastUpdateTime Point in time at the Document Registry when an XDS Document was registered and placed in the XDS Folder. If present, shall have a single value. <pre> <pre></pre></pre>		id="urn:uuid:a6e06ca8-0c75-4064-9e5c-88b9045a9ab6"		
was registered and placed in the XDS Folder. If present, shall have a single value. <pre> <rim:slot name="lastUpdateTime"></rim:slot></pre>	•	A globally unique identifier for a community.	Cx/O	OID in URI syntax See TF-2a:
<pre>crim:ValueList></pre>	lastUpdateTime	was registered and placed in the XDS Folder. If present, shall have	Cg/R	
patientId The patientId represents the subject of care medical record Identifier as defined by the Document Source. This identifier shall be from the Assigning Authority Domain supporting the XDS Affinity Domain in which the Document Registry operates. It shall contain two parts: Authority Domain Id (enforced by the Registry) An Id in the above domain. No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre>		<pre><rim:valuelist></rim:valuelist></pre>		
as defined by the Document Source. This identifier shall be from the Assigning Authority Domain supporting the XDS Affinity Domain in which the Document Registry operates. It shall contain two parts: Authority Domain Id (enforced by the Registry) An Id in the above domain. No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre>		folder. The value in the submission request (if present), shall be		
An Id in the above domain. No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre>	patientId	as defined by the Document Source. This identifier shall be from the Assigning Authority Domain supporting the XDS Affinity Domain in which the Document Registry operates. It shall contain	R/R	CX
No other values are allowed, as specified for the CX type in Table 4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre></pre>		Authority Domain Id (enforced by the Registry)		
4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents allowed. The value of the patientId shall be the same for all new documents of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre></pre>		An Id in the above domain.		
<pre>of a Folder. Shall have a single value. <pre></pre></pre>		4.1-3 above. Using HL7 terminology, no other values are allowed in the components of the coded value, nor are further subcomponents		
<pre><rim:externalidentifier identificationscheme="</td"><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></rim:externalidentifier></pre>		-		
<pre>identificationScheme=</pre>		Shall have a single value.		
<pre>value="6578946^^&1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005. 3.7&ISO" ></pre>		identificationScheme= " urn:uuid:f64ffdf0-4b97-4e06-b79f-		
<pre></pre>		value="6578946^^^&1.3.6.1.4.1.21367.2005. 3.7&ISO"		
1 2/1/2 m - Trub - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		<pre><rim:name></rim:name></pre>		
title Represents the title of the Folder. If present, shall have a single O/P XDS Affinity	title		O/P	XDS Affinity

XDSFolder Attribute	Definition	Source/ Query	Constraints
	<pre>value. <rim:name></rim:name></pre>		Domain specific
uniqueId	Globally unique identifier for the XDS-Folder in which one or more XDS Documents are placed. It is assigned by the Document Source at the time the XDS Folder is created in OID format. Shall have a single value. <pre></pre>	R/R	OID See ITI TF-2x: Appendix B

4.1.9.1 Creating an XDSFolder object from a RegistryPackage element

An XDSFolder object shall be created from a RegistryPackage element by labeling it with a Classification of type urn:uuid:d9d542f3-6cc4-48b6-8870-ea235fbc94c2. A receiver of metadata shall accept the Classification element coded within the RegistryPackage element or on the same level. The following XML example demonstrates these two valid approaches to coding the Classification.

Classification coded inside the RegistryPackage object

Classification coded outside the RegistryPackage object

The following UUIDs shall be used to label RegistryPackage elements as Submission Set or Folder

Object being coded	UUID used on the Classification
Submission Set	urn:uuid:a54d6aa5-d40d-43f9-88c5-b4633d873bdd
Folder	urn:uuid:d9d542f3-6cc4-48b6-8870-ea235fbc94c2

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4.1.10 Registry Adaptor Enforcement of Attributes

ebRIM version 2.1 datatype Slot/ValueList/Value is limited to 128 characters by that standard. Many HL7 datatypes, which the attribute tables show as being encoded as a Slot, can be much larger. The Document Source shall encoded these Slots so they fit into the 128 character space allocated to them. This may require some information to be excluded. This profile gives no guidance as to how information is to be excluded to make this coding limit.

The Registry Adaptor shall reject any submission which includes attribute values whose size exceeds the specification in the standard.

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Table 4.1-8 Document Metadata Attribute Enforcement

XDSDocumentEntry Attribute	Registry Enforcement
availabilityStatus	No enforcement
authorInstitution	No enforcement
authorPerson	No enforcement
authorRole	No enforcement
authorSpecialty	No enforcement
classCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value.
classCodeDisplayName	Must match classCode
confidentialityCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value
confidentialityCodeDisplayName	Must match confidentialityCode
creationTime	No enforcement
entryUUID	No enforcement
eventCodeList	Coding Scheme and Code Value
eventCodeDisplayNameList	Must match eventCodeList
formatCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value
formatCodeDisplayName	Must match formatCode

hash	No enforcement
healthcareFacilityTypeCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value
healthcareFacilityTypeCodeDisplayName	Must match healthcareFacilityTypeCode
legalAuthenticator	No enforcement
languageCode	Optionally enforced by XDS Affinity Domain
mimeType	Code Value
parentDocumentRelationship	One of four values
parentDocumentId	Existing UUID
patientId	Authority Domain Id Patient Id (known from patient identity feed)
practiceSettingCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value
practiceSettingCode DisplayName	Must match practiceSettingCode
serviceStartTime	No enforcement
serviceStopTime	Verifies serviceStartTime <= serviceStopTime
size	No enforcement
sourcePatientId	No enforcement
sourcePatientInfo	Some parts required
title	No enforcement
typeCode	Coding Scheme and Code Value
typeCodeDisplayName	Must match typeCode
uniqueId	See ITI TF-3: 4.1.7.2
URI	No enforcement

Table 4.1-9 SubmissionSet Metadata Attribute Enforcement

XDSSubmissionSet Attribute	Registry Enforcement
authorInstitution	No enforcement
authorPerson	No enforcement
authorRole	No enforcement
authorSpecialty	No enforcement
comments	No enforcement
contentTypeCode	Coding Scheme and Code value
contentTypeCodeDisplayName	Must match contentTypeCode
patientId	Authority Domain Id Patient Id (known from patient identity feed)
sourceId	No enforcement
submissionTime	No enforcement
uniqueId	No identical existing uniqueId in registry according to rules in ITI TF-3: 4.1.7.2

Table 4.1-10 Folder Metadata Attribute Enforcement

XDSFolder Attribute	Registry Enforcement
codeList	Coding Scheme and Code value

codeListDisplayName	Must match codeList
comments	No enforcement
lastUpdateTime	Shall be set to the current time on submission of folder or folder content changes.
patientId	The value of the patientId shall be the same for all documents of a Folder.
uniqueId	No identical existing uniqueId in registry (assigned to XDSDocumentEntry, XDSSubmissionSet, or XDSFolder)

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4.1.11 XDS Registry Adaptor

The XDS Registry Adaptor is a set of functionality that is not provided for in the ebXML registry standard, but is instead specified by XDS to support integration into the healthcare environment. This adaptor has the following responsibility:

- Validate patient ID patient IDs (XDSDocumentEntry.patientId attribute) shall be a known patient ID and registered against the Patient ID Domain of the XDS Affinity Domain managed by the patient Identity Source Actor.
 - **Validate submitted metadata** the adaptor shall verify that submitted metadata meets XDS Registry metadata specification
- Verify coded values the adaptor shall verify that coded fields (ebXML external classifications) contain valid XDS specified values or where the XDS Affinity Domain constrains code values, to verify them (See ITI TF-3: 4.1.10).
 - **Ensure submissions are atomic** The adaptor shall make submission to registry an atomic operation see ITI TF-3: 4.1.3.3 Atomicity Requirements for Submission Requests for atomicity requirements.
 - If the registry submission is successful then the adaptor shall label all Document Entry, Folder, and Submission Set objects as Approved. The ebRIM specification provides the ApproveObjectsRequest for this purpose.
 - If the registry submission fails then the adaptor shall remove from the registry all objects stored as part of this submission set. The ebRIM specification provides the RemoveObjectsRequest for this purpose.
 - **Support document replacement** When a Submission Request includes a 'RPLC' or 'XFRM_RPLC' association indicating that a document is being replaced, the following shall be true:
 - Document to be replaced must have status = Approved.
 - The association's sourceObject attribute shall contain the **id** (UUID or symbolic id) of an ExtrinsicObject representing an XDSDocumentEntry included in the Submission Set.
 - The association's targetObject attribute shall contain the UUID of an ExtrinsicObject (XDSDocumentEntry) already in the registry.
- When the 'RPLC' or 'XFRM_RPLC' association is detected by the Registry Adaptor it shall:

- Verify the ExtrinsicObject pointed to by the Association's targetObject attribute is present in the registry and has status of Approved. The error XDSReplaceFailed shall be thrown if this object is not contained in the registry or has status other than Approved. This ensures that only the most recent version of a document can be replaced.
- Submit the Submission Request to the registry.
 - If the submission is successful, label the replacement document as Approved and the replaced document as Deprecated. The ebRIM requests ApproveObjectsRequest and DeprecateObjectsRequest are available to do this.
- If the Document being replaced is a member of one or more Folders, generate HasMember
 Associations connecting the replacement Document with each of the Folders holding the
 original Document. This makes the replacement Document a member of all Folders
 where the original Document is a member.

parentdocumentRel ationShip			
parentDocumentRe lationshipCode	A attribute that may be placed on an Association of type XFRM, APND, RPLC, or XFRM_RPLC to document the reason the relationship was created.	O/P	
	<pre><rim:association associationtype="XFRM" id="ThisAssociation" sourceobject="source" targetobject="target"> <rim:classification classificationscheme="urn:uuid:abd807a3-4432-4053- 87b4-fd82c643d1f3" classifiedobject="ThisAssociation" noderepresentation="French"> <rim:name> <rim:localizedstring value="Translation into French"></rim:localizedstring> <rim:valuelist> <rim:valuelist> <rim:valuedconnect-a-thon pre="" translation="" types<=""> rim:Value> </rim:valuedconnect-a-thon></rim:valuelist></rim:valuelist></rim:name></rim:classification></rim:association> The relationshipTypeCode is defined by the Classification scheme inside the Association object. Note the required structural issues:</pre>		

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- **Validate patientIDs in Folders -** The adaptor shall verify that all documents in a folder are for the same patient. Specifically, verify that the patientId attribute of the folder matches the patientId attribute of each document in the folder.
- **Validate MIME types** The adaptor shall validate that the mimeType document attribute for all documents received is on the approved list for this XDS Affinity Domain.
- **Maintain Folder attribute 'lastUpdateTime'** The XDS Folder attribute lastUpdateTime shall be updated by the adaptor every time a new document is added to an XDS Folder.
- Validate patientID on documents being added to a Folder The patientId attribute of an XDSDocumentEntry object shall match the patientId attribute on any folder that holds it.
- **Validate coding** The adaptor shall enforce the number of classifications offered against a document. Code lists are allowed to be multiples. Codes are required to be singular.
- **Accept submissions containing multiple documents** The adapter shall be capable of accepting submissions containing multiple documents.

4.1.12 General Metadata Issues

This section documents ebXML Registry issues that are confusing, underdocumented, or are in conflict between various versions of the registry specification.

4.1.12.1 Association Type naming

XDS requires that Association names be specified as text names and not UUIDs. This is consistent with version 2.0 and 2.1 of ebRIM. XDS requires the use of the following standard Associations:

HasMember – for linking RegistryPackage objects to their contents

In addition, XDS defines a collection of Association types defined in ITI TF-3: 4.1.6 Document Relationships and Associations.

4.1.12.2 Assigning Codes to Documents

Many attributes of XDSDocumentEntry, XDSSubmissionSet, and XDSFolder (Tables 4.1-5, 4.1-6, and 4.1-7) are coded attributes defined as ebRIM Classifications. Three details are required to describe a coded value:

- 1. The value of the code
- 2. The display name of the code (raw codes are not human-friendly)
- 3. The name of the coding scheme that the code comes from.

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These three values combine to define a single coded element.

As described in ebXML Registry metadata, a coded attribute looks like:

```
580
           XdsDocumentEntry.classCode
    <rim:Classification
585
      classificationScheme=
    "urn:uuid:41a5887f-8865-4c09-adf7-e362475b143a"
      classifiedObject="theDocument"
      nodeRepresentation="My Class Code">
590
      XdsDocumentEntry.classCodeDisplayName
      <rim:Name>
        <rim:LocalizedString value="Display Name for My Class Code"/>
595
      Coding scheme for classCode
      600
      <rim:Slot name="codingScheme">
        <rim: ValueList>
          <rim: Value > Name of the Coding Scheme (LOINC for example) </rim: Value >
        </rim:ValueList>
      </rim:Slot>
605
    </rim:Classification>
```

A code is constructed as a Classification object. The relevant parts of this classification are:

Classification – this element wraps the definition

classificationScheme attribute – this UUID references a Classification Scheme object already present in the registry. This Classification Scheme object and its UUID are predefined by XDS and serve as the defining 'type' for the code.

classifiedObject attribute – this references the object in metadata being classified. This can be specified as a UUID or as a symbolic name as shown in the example above.

nodeRepresentation attribute – this is the value of the code.

Name element - this is the display name for the code.

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codingScheme Slot (Value sub-element) - this is the name of the coding scheme.

The XDS Affinity Domain defines the local configuration for each coding scheme. Specifically, it defines:

Name of the coding scheme – which must be used in the codingScheme Slot

Values for the code – one of which must be used in the nodeRepresentation attribute

Name for each code – which must be used in the Name element and must match the value for the code.

Some code types allow multiple values. EventCodeList is an example. These codes contain the letters 'List' in their name. These codes are XML coded identically to the above example with one exception.

The entire Classification element may be repeated to specify additional values.

The Registry Adaptor Function is responsible for validating codes against the configuration of the XDS Affinity Domain.

Note: the attribute XDSDocumentEntry.languageCode is not encoded as shown above. See Tables 4.1-5 for details.

4.1.12.3 Formatting of UUIDs

630 UUIDs shall be formatted according to RFC4122. Furthermore, values 10 through 15 shall be formatted in hexadecimal using lower case 'a'-'f'. An example of a properly formatted UUID is:

urn:uuid:10b545ea-725c-446d-9b95-8aeb444eddf3

Registries shall only accept and produce lowercase UUIDs.

4.1.12.4 XML Namespaces

The Register Document Set, Provide and Register Document Set, and Query Registry transactions are SOAP requests/responses containing valid XML. All elements shall be namespace qualified. Namespaces must be present in all elements. All referenced namespaces must be defined within the transmission.

4.1.13 Error Reporting

Registry Services schema (ebRS 2.1 or 3.0) defines the RegistryError element for reporting details of errors or warnings. RegistryError contains two required attributes, errorCode and codeContext. The Registry actor and Repository actor shall return these two attributes with each error reported. Codes reported in errorCode shall be taken from Table 4.1-11. The error codes XDSRegistryError or XDSRepositoryError shall be returned if and only if a more detailed code is not available from this table

for the condition being reported. The attribute codeContext shall contain details of the error condition that may be implementation specific.

The following attributes are required on the RegistryError element when reporting errors or warnings:

- **errorCode** shall be a value taken from Table 4.1-11
- **codeContext** supplies additional detail for the errorCode
- **severity** supplies a coded indication of the severity of the error:

For ebRS 3.0 transactions:

urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ErrorSeverityType:Error urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ErrorSeverityType:Warning

For ebRS 2.1:

655

650

Error

Warning

The body of all RegistryError elements shall be empty.

The following attributes on the RegistryError element are optional:

- **location** supplies the location of the error: module name and line number or stack trace if appropriate.
- **highestSeverity** supplies the severity of the most severe error (this attribute is not available in ebRS 2.1)

The value of the status attribute of either the RegistryResponse or AdHocQueryResponse elements shall be taken from the following lists. For Version 3.0 ebRIM/ebRS:

665

660

urn: oas is: names: tc: ebxml-regrep: Response Status Type: Failure

urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ResponseStatusType:Success

urn:ihe:iti:2007:ResponseStatusType:PartialSuccess

For version 2.1 ebRIM/ebRS:

Failure Success

670

PartialSuccess

Tables 4.1-12 through 4.1-15 control the reporting of errors for transactions that use the ebRS/ebRIM schemas.

An example of an error response reporting two errors using ebRS and ebRIM version 2.1 is:

IHE ITI Technical Framework, Volume 3 (ITI TF-3): Cross-Transaction and Content Specifications

```
severity="Error"/>
<RegistryError
errorCode="XDSRegistryMetadataError"
codeContext="RegistryPackage (SubmissionSet) is not labeled as SubmissionSet or Folder"
severity="Error"
location="" />
</RegistryErrorList>
</RegistryResponse>
```

An example of an error response reporting two errors using ebRS and ebRIM 3.0 is:

```
695
       <RegistryResponse
           xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:xsd:rs:3.0"
           status="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ResponseStatusType:Failure">
         <RegistryErrorList
            highestSeverity="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ErrorSeverityType:Error">
700
           <RegistryError
              errorCode="XDSPatientIdDoesNotMatch"
              codeContext="Patient ID in Document (Document1) does not match Submission Set"
              location=""
              severity="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ErrorSeverityType:Error"/>
705
           <RegistryError
              errorCode="XDSRegistryMetadataError"
              codeContext="RegistryPackage (SubmissionSet) is not labeled as SubmissionSet or Folder"
              location=""
              severity="urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ErrorSeverityType:Error"/>
710
         </RegistryErrorList>
       </RegistryResponse>
```

Table 4.1-11 - Error Codes

Error Code	Discussion	Transaction
XDSMissingDocument	XDSDocumentEntry exists in metadata with no corresponding attached document	Р
XDSMissingDocumentMetadata	MIME package contains MIME part with Content-Id header not found in metadata	Р
XDSRegistryNotAvailable	Repository was unable to access the Registry	P
XDSRegistryError	Internal Registry/Repository Error.	P,R, Q, SQ
XDSRepositoryError		P, RS
XDSRegistryDuplicateUniqueIdInMessage	A UniqueId value was found to be used	P,R
XDSRepositoryDuplicateUniqueIdInMessage	more than once within the submission. Error code indicates where error was detected. CodeContext shall indicate the duplicate UniqueId.	
XDSDuplicateUniqueIdInRegistry	UniqueId received was not unique within the Registry. UniqueId could have been attached to XDSSubmissionSet or XDSFolder. CodeContext shall indicate which and the value of the non-unique uniqueId. This error cannot be thrown for XDSDocumentEntry. See XdsNonIdenticalHash.	P,R P
XDSNonIdenticalHash	Document being registered was a duplicate (uniqueId already in registry) but hash does not match. CodeContext indicates UniqueId.	R
XDSRegistryBusy	Too much activity	P,R,Q,SQ
XDSRepositoryBusy		P, RS
XDSRegistryOutOfResources	Resources are low.	P,R,Q,SQ
XDSRepositoryOutOfResources		P, RS
XDSRegistryMetadataError XDSRepositoryMetadataError	Error detected in metadata. Actor name indicates where error was detected. CodeContext indicates nature of problem.	P,R
XDSTooManyResults	-	Q,SQ
XDSExtraMetadataNotSaved	This warning is returned if extra metadata was present but not saved in the registry.	P,R
XDSUnknownPatientId	Patient ID referenced in metadata is not known to the Registry actor via the Patient Identity Feed or is unknown because of patient identifier merge or other reasons. The codeContext shall include the value of patient ID in question.	P,R Note: this error code is not used in the response to Registry Stored Query
XDSPatientIdDoesNotMatch	XDS specifies where patient IDs must match between documents, submission sets, and folders. This error is thrown when the patient ID is required to match and does not. The codeContext shall indicate the value of the Patient Id and the nature of the conflict.	P,R
XDSUnknownStoredQuery	The Query ID provided in the request is	SQ

Error Code	Discussion	Transaction
	not recognized.	
XDSStoredQueryMissingParam	A required parameter to a stored query is missing.	SQ
XDSStoredQueryParamNumber	A parameter which only accepts a single value is coded with multiple values	SQ
XDSSqlError	All errors in executing an SQL query (Query Registry transaction [ITI-16] shall return this error code.	Q
XDSRegistryDeprecatedDocumentError	The Register transaction was rejected because it submitted an Association referencing a deprecated document.	P,R
XDSUnknownRepositoryId	The repositoryUniqueId value could not be resolved to a valid document repository or the value does not match the repositoryUniqueId of the Document Repository	RS
XDSDocumentUniqueIdError	The document associated with the DocumentUniqueId is not available. This could be because the document is not available to the Document Repository, the requestor is not authorized to access that document or the document is no longer available.	RS

715 Transaction Designations:

P = Provide and Register, Provide and Register-b

R = Register, Register-b

Q= Query

SQ=Stored Query

720 RS=Retrieve Document Set

The following tables explain the meaning of the status attribute in responses from the Registry or Repository.

In the following tables, the values shown in the RegistryResponse Status and AdhocQueryResponse Status columns shall be prefixed by the namespace

725 urn:oasis:names:tc:ebxml-regrep:ResponseStatusType:

or

urn:ihe:iti:2007:ResponseStatusType: (for PartialSuccess)

when used with ebRS 3.0. The values shall be used as presented (no namespace) with ebRS 2.1.

730 Table 4.1-12 – Provide and Register Document Set and Provide and Register Document Set-b Responses

RegistryResponse status	RegistryErrorList element	Result	
Success	May be present. If present will contain one or more RegistryError elements with warning	All metadata and documents were successfully registered	

RegistryResponse status	RegistryErrorList element	Result
	severity, none with error severity	
Failure	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Metadata and documents not stored

Table 4.1-13 – Register Document Set and Register Document Set-b Responses

RegistryResponse status	RegistryErrorList element	Result		
Success	May be present. If present will contain one or more RegistryError elements with warning severity, none with error severity	All metadata was successfully registered		
Failure	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Metadata not stored		

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Table 4.1-14 - Query Registry Responses

AdhocQueryResp onse status	RegistryErrorList element	Result		
Success	May be present. If present will contain one or more RegistryError elements with warning severity, none with error severity	Results returned		
Failure	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Results not returned		

Table 4.1-15 – Stored Query Responses

AdhocQueryResp onse status	RegistryErrorList element	Result
Success	May be present. If present will contain one or more RegistryError elements with warning severity, none with error severity	Results shall be returned. Results may contain zero or more entries.
PartialSuccess	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Results shall be returned. Results may contain zero or more entries.
Failure	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Results not returned

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Table 4.1-16 – Retrieve Document Set Responses

Registry Response status	RegistryErrorList element	Result
Success	May be present. If present will contain one or more RegistryError elements with warning severity, none with error severity	All documents were successfully retrieved
PartialSuccess	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	Some documents were successfully retrieved
Failure	Present, contains one or more RegistryError elements. At least one has error severity, others may have warning severity.	No documents were successfully retrieved

Complete details on how these elements shall be populated in available at ITI TF-2b: 3.43.5 Protocol Requirements.

4.1.14 Extra Metadata Elements

XDS transactions may contain metadata not defined in the XDS Profile. This extra metadata may be ignored by the recipient but its presence shall not cause an error.

The following conditions shall apply.

- 1. All extra metadata content shall be in the form of Slots.
- 2. These Slots may be attached to XDSSubmissionSet, XDSDocumentEntry, XDSFolder, or Association objects.
 - 3. If the Document Registry actor is not capable of storing extra metadata and extra metadata is provided in a Register Document Set transaction, it shall return a warning with an error code of XdsExtraMetadataNotSaved. The XDS defined metadata shall be saved.
 - 4. Document Consumer actors shall ignore extra metadata elements they do not understand.
- 5. If a Document Registry actor accepts extra metadata Slots (no warning on submission) then it shall return these Slots in query results.
 - 6. The Name attribute of extra Slots shall conform to the following rules:
 - a. Name shall be a valid URN.
 - b. Name shall begin with 'urn:' prefix (formatted as a valid URN)
 - c. The prefix 'urn:ihe' shall not be used
 - 7. Note that ebRIM requires that the name of a Slot be unique within the containing object (Document Entry, Submission Set, Folder, Association).

4.2 Character String Comparisons

All character string comparisons shall be done in conformance with the rules of the Unicode standard (http://www.unicode.org/versions/latest/) using the normalized form C defined in Unicode Techical Report 15 (http://unicode.org/reports/tr15).

Note:

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Latin alphabet case-insensitive NFC matching corresponds to byte string matching. The primary impact of this is for non-Latin alphabets. They need to be converted into normalized form before comparison. The TR 15 approach is consistent with the working documents of W3C, although W3C has not yet issued a balloted recommendation that Unicode normalized form C be used. See http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-charreq, http://www.w3.org/International/charlint/, and the current W3C draft (http://www.w3.org/TR/charmod-norm).

See the following references for more details:

Unicode Technical Report #15, Unicode Consortium UAX #15: Unicode Normalization Forms (http://www.unicode.org/reports/tr15/)

775 Unicode Standard Unicode Consortium. The Unicode Standard, (http://www.unicode.org/versions/latest/)

4.3 XDS Metadata Vocabulary

4.3.1 Metadata UUIDs

The UUIDs in the following sections shall be used in constructing and interpreting XDS metadata. The assigning authority "IHE XDS Metadata" shall be used for these codes.

4.3.1.1 Submission Set Object

UUID	Use/meaning
urn:uuid:a54d6aa5-d40d-43f9-88c5-b4633d873bdd	ClassificationNode
urn:uuid:a7058bb9-b4e4-4307-ba5b-e3f0ab85e12d	author External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:aa543740-bdda-424e-8c96-df4873be8500	contentTypeCode External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:6b5aea1a-874d-4603-a4bc-96a0a7b38446	patientId External Identifier
urn:uuid:554ac39e-e3fe-47fe-b233-965d2a147832	sourceId External Identifer
urn:uuid:96fdda7c-d067-4183-912e-bf5ee74998a8	uniqueId External Identifer

4.3.1.2 Document Entry Object

UUID	Use/meaning
urn:uuid:7edca82f-054d-47f2-a032-9b2a5b5186c1	XDSDocumentEntry ClassificationNode
urn:uuid:93606bcf-9494-43ec-9b4e-a7748d1a838d	author External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:41a5887f-8865-4c09-adf7-e362475b143a	classCode External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:f4f85eac-e6cb-4883-b524-f2705394840f	confidentialityCode External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:2c6b8cb7-8b2a-4051-b291-b1ae6a575ef4	eventCodeList External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:a09d5840-386c-46f2-b5ad-9c3699a4309d	formatCode External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:f33fb8ac-18af-42cc-ae0e-ed0b0bdb91e1	healthCareFacilityTypeCode External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:58a6f841-87b3-4a3e-92fd-a8ffeff98427	patientId ExternalIdentifier
urn:uuid:cccf5598-8b07-4b77-a05e-ae952c785ead	practiceSettingCode External Classification Scheme

UUID	Use/meaning	
urn:uuid:f0306f51-975f-434e-a61c-c59651d33983	typeCode External Classification Scheme	
urn:uuid:2e82c1f6-a085-4c72-9da3-8640a32e42ab	uniqueId ExternalIdentifier	

4.3.1.3 Folder Object

UUID	Use/meaning
urn:uuid:d9d542f3-6cc4-48b6-8870-ea235fbc94c2	XDSFolder ClassificationNode
urn:uuid:1ba97051-7806-41a8-a48b-8fce7af683c5	codeList External Classification Scheme
urn:uuid:f64ffdf0-4b97-4e06-b79f-a52b38ec2f8a	patientId External Identifier
urn:uuid:75df8f67-9973-4fbe-a900-df66cefecc5a	uniqueId External Identifier

5 IHE Content Specifications

This section follows the documentation pattern found in the IHE PCC Technical Framework. The reader should be familiar with the IHE PCC Technical Framework.

5.1 Basic Patient Privacy Consents Module

790 This section describes the encoding requirements for the Basic Patient Privacy Consents Document Content.

The BPPC document has two possible document templates, one without a scanned document part, and one with. Section 5.1.2 defines the requirements of the BPPC document without a scanned document part, Section 5.1.3 explains with a scanned document part.

5.1.1 References

o <u>HL7 CDA Release 2.0</u> (denoted HL7 CDA R2, or just CDA, in subsequent text)

5.1.2 Patient Privacy Consent Acknowledgment Document Specification 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.7 – With no Scanned Document Part

A patient acknowledgement of a Patient Privacy Consent Policy is a document that contains machine readable indication. This specification describes the BPPC document without a scanned part. When the Patient Privacy Consent Acknowledgment Document contains a Scanned Document (XDS-SD), it will conform to IHE ITI TF-3: 5.1.3.

5.1.2.1 XDS Metadata

5.1.2.1.1 XDS DocumentEntry Metadata

BPPC leverages the XDS DocumentEntry Metadata requirements in the IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1 unless otherwise specified below.

5.1.2.1.1.1 XDSDocumentEntry.classCode

- classCode -- This attributes shall be set to the value "Consent".
- classCodeDisplayName -- This attributes shall be set to the value "Consent".

5.1.2.1.1.2 XDSDocumentEntry.eventCodeList

- eventCodeList -- the eventCodeList shall be populated using the Patient Privacy Consent Policy Identifiers that have been acknowledged to within the document.
- /ClinicalDocument/documentationOf/serviceEvent[templateId/@root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.6' \| \rangle \text{code} \rangle \text{code}
- eventCodeDisplayNameList -- The eventCodeDisplayNameList shall be populated using the display names for those policies.
 - /ClinicalDocument/documentationOf/serviceEvent[templateId/@root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.6' |/code/@displayName

5.1.2.1.1.3 XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode

The XDSDocumentEntry format code for this content shall be urn:ihe:iti:bppc:2007. The formatCode codeSystem shall be 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.3.

5.1.2.1.1.4 XDSDocumentEntry.uniqueld

This value shall be the ClinicalDocument/id in the HL7 CDA R2 header. The root attribute is required, and the extension attribute is optional. In accordance with the XDS.a profile, total length is limited to 128 characters; for XDS.b the limit is 256 characters. Additionally see IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1, for further content specification.

5.1.2.1.2 XDS SubmissionSet Metadata

No additional constraints. For more information, see IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.2

5.1.2.1.3 XDS Folder Metadata

No additional requirements. For more information, see IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.3

5.1.2.3 Specification

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CDA Release 2.0 documents that conform to the requirements of this content module shall indicate their conformance by the inclusion of the appropriate <templateId> elements in the header of the document. This is shown in the sample document below. A CDA Document may conform to more than one template. This content module inherits from the Medical Document content module, and so must conform to the requirements of that template as well, thus all <templateId> elements shown in the example below shall be included.

```
<ClinicalDocument xmlns='urn:hl7-org:v3'>
840
         <typeId extension="POCD HD000040" root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3"/>
         <templateId root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.1'/>
         <templateId root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.7'/>
         <id root=' ' extension=' '/>
         <code code=' ' displayName=' '</pre>
845
           codeSystem='2.16.840.1.113883.6.1' codeSystemName='LOINC'/>
          <title>Consent to Share Information</title>
         <effectiveTime value='20070619012005'/>
         <confidentialityCode code='N' displayName='Normal'</pre>
           codeSystem='2.16.840.1.113883.5.25' codeSystemName='Confidentiality' />
850
          <languageCode code='en-US'/>
         <component><structuredBody>
         </structuredBody></component>
855
       </ClinicalDocument>
```

Figure 5.1.2.3-1 Sample Consent to Share Information Document

A Patient Privacy Consent Acknowledgement Document shall contain a text description of what the patient consented to, a list of codes indicating the policy(s) agreed to, and a time range indicating the effective time of the consent. It may be attested to using an electronic digital signature, conforming to the ITI Digital Signature Profile.

A consent shall have one or more <serviceEvent> elements in the header identifying the policies authorized by the document (see Section 4.2.3.4 of CDA R2). Each <serviceEvent> element indicates

informed consent to one and only one XDS Affinity Domain policy. More than one policy may be agreed to within a given consent document.

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Data Element Name	Opt	Template ID
Consent Service Event At least one, and possibly more than one consent can be provided within the document.	R	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.6
Authorization Consents may also be protected under a sharing publicity.	0	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.5

5.1.2.3.1 Consent Service Events 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.6

Within a Patient Privacy Consent Document, there shall be a Consent Service Event with the effective time of the consent shall be specified within the documentationOf/serviceEvent element.

Figure 5.1.2.3-2 Consent Service Events Example

5.1.2.3.2 <documentationOf typeCode='DOC'>

At least one <documentationOf> element shall exist within a consent to share information, describing the service event of provision of consent. This element shall have a typeCode attribute with the value DOC.

5.1.2.3.3 <serviceEvent classCode='ACT' moodCode='EVN'>

One <serviceEvent> shall exist for each consent to share information given, describing the duration of the provision of consent. This element shall have a classCode attribute set to ACT, and a moodCode attribute of EVN.

890 5.1.2.3.4 <templateld root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2.6'/>

The <templateId> element shall be recorded exactly as shown above, and identifies this <serviceEvent> as recording consent to share information.

5.1.2.3.5 <id root=' '/>

The service event shall have one <id> element, providing an identifier for the service event. The root attribute of this element shall be present, and shall be a GUID or OID. The extension attribute shall not be present.

5.1.2.3.6 <code code=' ' displayName=' ' codeSystem=' ' codeSystemName=' '/>

The <code> element shall be present, and shall indicate the consent given. The code attribute indicates the consent given, and the codeSystem attribute indicates the code system from which this consent is given. The displayName attribute may be present, and describes the consent given. The codeSystemName attribute may be present, and describes the code system.

5.1.2.3.7 <effectiveTime><low value=' '/><high value=' '/></effectiveTime>

The <effectiveTime> element shall be present, and shall indicate the effective time range over which consent is given. The low value must be provided. The high value may be present. If present, is shall indicate the maximum effective time of the consent.

5.1.3 Patient Privacy Consent Acknowledgment Document Specification 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.7.1 – With Scanned Document

A patient acknowledgement of a Patient Privacy Consent Policy is a document that contains machine readable indication. This section specifies the BPPC document with a scanned document part.

910 **5.1.3.1 XDS Metadata**

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The BPPC document shall conform to the requirements in section 5.1.2.1 with the formatCode exception listed below

5.1.3.1.1 XDS DocumentEntry Metadata

The BPPC document shall conform to the XDS DocumentEntry Metadata requirements in the IHE PCC TF-2:5.1.1.1.1 unless otherwise specified below.

5.1.3.1.1.1 XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode

The XDSDocumentEntry format code for this content is **urn:ihe:iti:bppc-sd:2007**. The formatCode codeSystem shall be 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.3.

5.1.3.1.2 XDS SubmissionSet Metadata

920 No additional constraints. For more information, see IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.2

5.1.3.1.3 XDS Folder Metadata

No additional requirements. For more information, see IHE PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.3

5.1.3.3 Specification

This BPPC document shall conform to the XDS-SD (ITI TF-3: 5.2) specification and shall have the additional requirements stated in ITI TF-3: 5.1.2.3.

5.1.3.4 Conformance

See ITI TF-3: 5.1.2.4

5.2 Scanned Documents Content Module

This section outlines the content of the HL7 CDA R2 constraints for the document. We note here that requirements specified below are to ensure the presence of a minimum amount of wrapper data in order to enhance description and facilitate sharing of the document. Implementers of this profile can and should make use of additional annotation within the CDA header to provide richer context. The examples in the following sections contain the minimal amount of wrapper data, as specified, and in many cases do make use of additional CDA header elements for enriched context.

Assumptions and Definitions: We assume that the scanning facility and equipment within it are assigned an OID and that the scanning facility assembles the wrapped scanned content. More information regarding the construction of OIDS can be found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix B. We define the following nomenclature for entity roles concerned in forming the wrapper content.

940 *Original content* – Legacy paper or electronic document intended for wrapping.

Scanned content – Scanned or appropriately converted/encoded electronic version of the original content.

Original author – Author of the original content.

(Scanner) Operator – Person assembling the scanned content.

945 **5.2.1 Referenced Standards**

- PDF RFC 3778, The application/pdf Media Type (informative)
- PDF/A ISO 19005-1b. Document management Electronic document file format for long-term preservation Part 1: Use of PDF (PDF/A)
- HL7 CDA Release 2.0 (denoted HL7 CDA R2, or just CDA, in subsequent text)
- RFC 3066, Tags for the identification of languages

5.2.1.1 Discussion of Content Standards

PDF and plaintext documents intended for wrapping can consist of multiple pages. Encoding of multiple page PDF documents are subject to the PDF/A standard. This ISO standard, PDF/A, is a subset of Adobe PDF version 1.4 intended to be suitable for long-term preservation of page-oriented documents.

- 955 PDF/A attempts to maximize:
 - Device independence
 - Self-containment
 - Self-documentation

The constraints imposed by PDF/A include:

- Audio and video content are forbidden
 - JavaScript and executable file launches are prohibited
 - All fonts must be embedded and also must be legally embeddable for unlimited, universal rendering
 - Colorspaces specified in a device-independent manner
- Encryption is disallowed (although the enclosing document and transport may provide encryption external to the PDF content)

• Compression methods are restricted to a standard list

The PDF/A approach has several advantages over TIFF or JPEG. First, there are more image compressions and format flexibility in PDF, so that the image files sizes can be kept smaller. There are many simple programs available for converting TIFF and JPEG into PDF with various other features for improving compression or adding other information. The PDF/A enables devices that produce vectorized output. Unlike TIFF, JPEG, or BMP, a PDF/A image has the ability to provide several "layers" of information. This allows the creation of PDF searchable images.

- A PDF searchable image is a PDF document with an exact bitmapped replica of the scanned paper pages and with text information stored behind the bitmap image of the page. This approach retains the look of the original pages while enabling text searchability and computer analysis. This approach is especially suitable for documents that have to be searchable while retaining the original scan details. The text layer is created by an Optical Character Recognition (OCR) application that scans the text on each page. It then creates a PDF file with the recognized text stored in a layer beneath the image of the text.
- Unrecognized graphics areas and annotations are preserved with full fidelity in the image. The text form may be incomplete or the OCR confused by some words, but the original image is preserved and available.
- Plaintext as well as PDF/A documents shall be base-64 encoded before wrapped in a HL7 CDA R2 header. The PDF/A documents shall conform to PDF/A-1b. Creators are encouraged to conform to PDF/A-1a to the maximum extent possible, but a simple document scanner may be unable to fully conform to PDF/A-1a. Other profiles may require PDF/A-1a conformance.
 - HL7 CDA R2 header schema is constrained so that pertinent metadata values and scanning facility, technology and operator information shall be present (see ITI TF-3: 5.2.3).
- Medical imagery and photographs are outside the scope of this profile. Diagnostic or intervention medical imagery will be supported through DICOM (which includes the use of JPEG and MPEG). Additionally audio and video recorded content is not covered by this profile.

5.2.2 XDS Metadata

XDS-SD is a CDA R2 document and thus conforms to the XDS Metadata requirements in the PCC TF-2:5 unless otherwise specified below.

995 **5.2.2.1 XDS DocumentEntry Metadata**

XDS-SD leverages the XDS DocumentEntry Metadata requirements in the PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1 unless otherwise specified below.

5.2.2.1.1 XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode

The XDSDocumentEntry.formatCode shall be **urn:ihe:iti:xds-sd:pdf:2008** when the document is scanned pdf and **urn:ihe:iti:xds-sd:text:2008** when the document is scanned text. The formatCode codeSystem shall be 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.3.

5.2.2.1.2 XDSDocumentEntry.uniqueld

This value shall be the ClinicalDocument/id in the HL7 CDA R2 header. The root attribute is required, and the extension attribute is optional. In accordance with the XDS a profile, total length is

limited to 128 characters; for XDS.b the limit is 256 characters. Additionally see PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1, for further content specification.

5.2.2.1.3 Relating instances of XDS-SD documents

In general, most instances of XDS-SD will not have parent documents. It is possible, however, in some specific use cases that instances of XDS-SD documents are related. For example, for a particular document it may be the case that both the PDF scanned content and somewhat equivalent plaintext need to be wrapped and submitted. Each document would correspond to separate XDSDocumentEntries linked via an XFRM Association that indicates one document is a transform of the other. These can be submitted in a single submission set, or in separate ones. Other specific examples may exist and this profile does not preclude the notion of a parent document for these cases.

1015 **5.2.2.2 XDS SubmissionSet Metadata**

No additional constraints. Particular to this profile, a legitimate use of submission sets would be to maintain a logical grouping of multiple XDS-SD documents. We encourage such usage. For more information, see PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.2

5.2.2.3 XDS Folder Metadata

No additional requirements. For more information, see PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.3

5.2.3 Specification

HL7 CDA R2 header element	CDA as constrai ned by XDS-SD	Section Number of Extended Discussion	Source Type	Source / Value
ClinicalDocument/typeId	R	5.2.3.1	FM	Fixed, per CDA R2 version in use.
ClinicalDocument/templateId	R	5.2.3.1	FM	Fixed, per this specification
ClinicalDocument/id	R	5.2.3.1	DS	Computable.
ClinicalDocument/code	R	5.2.3.1	O/FM	Entered by operator or appropriately fixed for scanned content
ClinicalDocument/title	R2	5.2.3.1	SA/O	Entered by operator, or possibly can be taken from the scanned content.
ClinicalDocument/confidentiality Code	R	5.2.3.1	0	Assigned by the operator
ClinicalDocument/effectiveTime	R	5.2.3.1	DS	Computed. This is the scan time.
ClinicalDocument/languageCode	R	5.2.3.1	0	Entered by operator
ClinicalDocument/recordTarget	R	5.2.3.2	SA/O	Taken from scanned content, supplemented by operator.
ClinicalDocument/author/assigne dAuthor/assignedPerson	R2	5.2.3.3	SA / O	Taken from scanned content, supplemented by operator. This is the original author.
ClinicalDocument/author/assigne dAuthor/authoringDevice	R	5.2.3.4	DS / FM / O	Can be computed or fixed based on the scanning device and software. This is the information about the scanning device.
ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer	R	5.2.3.5	DS / O	Can be computed by the scanner or supplemented by operator. This is the information about the scanner operator.
ClinicalDocument/custodian	R	5.2.3.6	DS / FM	Retains original HL7 CDA Context. To be computed or fixed appropriately to denote guardianship of the scanned and wrapped content.
ClinicalDocument/legalAuthenti cator	0	5.2.3.7	0	Most likely supplemented by the operator, when applicable or mandated.
ClinicalDocument/documentatio nOf/serviceEvent/effectiveTime	R	5.2.3.8	SA/O	Denotes the time/date range of the original content.
ClinicalDocument/component/no nXMLBody	R	5.2.3.9	SA	The scanned/encoded content.

1025 **5.2.3.1 ClinicalDocument child-less elements**

In this section we further discuss id, code, effectiveTime, confidentialityCode and languageCode elements of the ClinicalDocument.

- The ClinicalDocument/templateId element shall be present. The root attribute shall contain the oid, '1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20', to indicate this document is an XDS-SD document.
- The ClinicalDocument/id element shall be present. The root attribute shall contain the oid for the document, in which case the extension attribute shall be empty, or an oid that scopes the set of possible unique values for the extension attribute, in which case the extension shall be populated with a globally unique identifier within the scope of the root oid.
- The ClinicalDocument/code will in most cases be provided by the operator. Values for this code are dictated by the CDA R2 documentation, but are permissible to extend to fit the particular use case. Attributes code@code and code@codeSystem shall be present.
 - The ClinicalDocument/title shall be present if known.
 - The ClinicalDocument/effectiveTime shall denote the time at which the original content was scanned. At a minimum, the time shall be precise to the day and shall include the time zone offset from GMT.
 - The ClinicalDocument/confidentialityCode shall be assigned by the operator in accordance with the scanning facility policy. The notion or level of confidentiality in the header may not be the same as that in the Affinity Domain, but in certain cases could be used to derive a confidentiality value among those specified by the Affinity Domain. Attributes confidentialityCode@code and confidentialityCode@codeSystem shall be present.
 - The ClinicalDocument/languageCode, in accordance with the HL7 CDA R2 documentation, shall denote the language used in the character data of the wrapper CDA header. If the scanned content, when rendered, is in a language different than that of the header, the language context of the CDA will be overwritten at the body level (see ITI TF-3: 5.2.3.9
- ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody for an example). Attribute code@code shall be present. Attribute code@codeSystem shall be IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) RFC 3066 in accordance with the HL7 CDA R2 documentation.

Example:

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5.2.3.2 ClinicalDocument/recordTarget

The ClinicalDocument/recordTarget contains identifying information about the patient concerned in the original content. In many cases this will have to be supplied by the operator. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

2009-08-10

- The ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/id element shall include both the root and the extension attributes. Refer back to PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1 for more details.
 - At least one ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/addr element shall include at least the country subelement. The addr element has an unbounded upper limit on occurrences. It can, and should, be replicated to include additional addresses for a patient, each minimally specified by the country sub element.
 - At least one ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/ patient/name element shall be at least one given subelement and one family subelement.
 - The ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ administrativeGenderCode element shall be present.
- The ClinicalDocument/recordTarget/patientRole/patient/ birthTime element shall be present with precision to the year.

Example:

```
<recordTarget>
             <patientRole>
1085
               <id extension="12345" root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.933"/>
                 <streetAddressLine>17 Daws Rd.</streetAddressLine>
                 <city>Blue Bell</city>
                 <state>MA</state>
1090
                 <postalCode>02368</postalCode>
                 <country>USA</country>
               </addr>
               <patient>
                 <name>
1095
                   <prefix>Mrs.</prefix>
                   <given>Ellen</qiven>
                   <family>Ross</family>
                 </name>
                 <administrativeGenderCode code="F"
1100
         codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.1"/>
                 <birthTime value="19600127"/>
               </patient>
            </patientRole>
           </recordTarget>
```

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5.2.3.3 ClinicalDocument/author (original)

This ClinicalDocument/author element represents the author of the original content. It additionally can encode the original author's institution in the subelement representedOrganization. Information regarding the original author and his/her institution shall be included, if it is known. In many cases this will have to be supplied by the operator. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

- The ClinicalDocument/author/templateId element shall be present. The root attribute shall contain the oid, '1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.1', to indicate this is the original author.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/time represents the day and time of the authoring of the original content. This value is not restricted beyond statements made in the HL7 CDA R2 documentation.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/id element if known shall include both the root and the extension attributes. Refer to PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1 for more details.

• The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/representedOrganization/id element if known shall include both the root and the extension attributes. Refer to PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1for more details.

1120

1150

Example:

```
<author>
           <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.1"/>
             <time value="19990522"/>
1125
             <assignedAuthor>
               <id extension="11111111" root="1.3.5.35.1.4436.7"/>
               <assignedPerson>
                 <name>
                   <prefix>Dr.</prefix></prefix>
1130
                   <given>Bernard</given>
                   <family>Wiseman</family>
                   <suffix>Sr.</suffix>
                 </name>
               </assignedPerson>
1135
                 <representedOrganization>
              <id extension="aaaaabbbbb"
                                                root="1.3.5.35.1.4436.7"/>
              <name>Dr. Wiseman's Clinic</name>
               </representedOrganization>
             </assignedAuthor>
1140
           </author>
```

5.2.3.4 ClinicalDocument/author (scanner)

This ClinicalDocument/author element shall be present and represent the scanning device and software used to produce the scanned content. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

- The ClinicalDocument/author/templateId element shall be present. The root attribute shall contain the oid, '1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.2', to indicate this author is the scanning device and software.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/time shall denote the time at which the original content was scanned. This value shall be equal to that of ClinicalDocument/effectiveTime. At a minimum, the time shall be precise to the day and shall include the time zone offset from GMT.
 - The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/id element shall be at least the root oid of the scanning device.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/assignedAuthoringDevice/code element shall be present. The values set here are taken from appropriate DICOM vocabulary. The value of code@codeSystem shall be set to "1.2.840.10008.2.16.4". The value of code@code shall be set to "CAPTURE" for PDF scanned content and "WSD" for plaintext. The value of code@displayName shall be set to "Image Capture" for PDF scanned content and "Workstation" for plaintext.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/assignedAuthoringDevice/manufacturerModelName element shall be present. The mixed content shall contain string information that specifies the scanner product name and model number. From this information, features like bit depth and resolution can be inferred. In the case of virtually scanned documents (for example, print to PDF), the manufactureModelName referenced here refers to the makers of the technology that was used to produce the embedded content.
- The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/assignedAuthoringDevice/softwareName element shall be present. The mixed content shall contain string information that specifies the scanning

software name and version. In the case of virtually scanned documents, the softwareName referenced here refers to the technology that was used to produce the embedded content.

• The ClinicalDocument/author/assignedAuthor/representedOrganization/id element shall be present. The root attribute shall be set to the oid of the scanning facility.

Example:

1170

```
<author>
          <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.2"/>
            <time value="20050329224411+0500"/>
1175
            <assignedAuthor>
              <id root="1.3.6.4.1.4.1.2835.2.1234"/>
              <assignedAuthoringDevice>
        <code code="CAPTURE" displayName="Image Capture" codeSystem=" 1.2.840.10008.2.16.4" />
        <manufacturerModelName>SOME SCANNER NAME AND MODEL /manufacturerModelName>
1180
                 <softwareName>SCAN SOFTWARE NAME v0.0</softwareName>
                </assignedAuthoringDevice>
                <representedOrganization>
             <id root="1.3.6.4.1.4.1.2835.2"/>
             <name>SOME Scanning Facility</name>
1185
                 <addr>
                    <streetAddressLine>21 North Ave</streetAddressLine>
                    <city>Burlington</city>
                    <state>MA</state>
                    <postalCode>01803</postalCode>
1190
                    <country>USA</country>
                 </addr>
              </representedOrganization>
           </assignedAuthor>
          </author>
```

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1200

1205

5.2.3.5 ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer

This ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer element shall represent the scanner operator who produced the scanned content. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

- The ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer/templateId element shall be present. The root attribute shall contain the oid, '1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.3', to indicate this is the scanner operator.
- The ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer/time shall denote the time at which the original content was scanned. This value shall be equal to that of ClinicalDocument/effectiveTime. At a minimum, the time shall be precise to the day and shall include the time zone offset from GMT.
- The ClinicalDocument/dataEnterer/assignedEntity/id element shall be both the root and the extension attributes the root shall be the oid of the scanning facility and the extension shall be an appropriately assigned, facility unique id of the operator.

```
Example:
1210
         <dataEnterer>
           <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.3"/>
             <time value="20050329224411+0500"/>
             <assignedEntity>
               <id extension="222222222" root="1.3.6.4.1.4.1.2835.2"/>
1215
               <assignedPerson>
                 <name>
                   <prefix>Mrs.</prefix></prefix>
                   <given>Bernice</given>
                   <family>Smith</family>
1220
                 </name>
               </assignedPerson>
             </assignedEntity>
           </dataEnterer>
```

1225

1230

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5.2.3.6 ClinicalDocument/custodian

The ClinicalDocument/custodian shall be present. Its context is left up to the scanning facility to refine in accordance with local policies and to reflect the entity responsible for the scanned content. In most cases this will be the scanning facility. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

- The ClinicalDocument/assignedCustodian/representedOrganization/name shall be present.
- At least one ClinicalDocument/assignedCustodian/representedOrganization/addr element shall include at least the country sub element.

Example:

```
1235
           <custodian>
             <assignedCustodian>
               <representedCustodianOrganization>
             <id root="1.3.6.4.1.4.1.2835.2"/>
             <name>SOME Scanning Facility</name>
1240
                  <addr>
                    <streetAddressLine>21 North Ave</streetAddressLine>
                    <city>Burlington</city>
                    <state>MA</state>
                    <postalCode>01803</postalCode>
1245
                    <country>USA</country>
                  </addr>
               </representedCustodianOrganization>
             </assignedCustodian>
           </custodian>
1250
```

5.2.3.7 ClinicalDocument/legalAuthenticator

The ClinicalDocument/legalAuthenticator may be present and its context is left up to the scanning facility to refine in accordance with local policies. All subelements retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

• The ClinicalDocument/legalAuthenticator/assignedEntity/id element if known shall include both the root and the extension attributes. Refer back to PCC TF-2: 5.1.1.1.1 for more details.

Example:

```
<legalAuthenticator>
1260
             <time value="19990522"/>
             <signatureCode code="S"/>
             <assignedEntity>
               <id extension="11111111" root="1.3.5.35.1.4436.7"/>
               <assignedPerson>
1265
                 <name>
                   <prefix>Dr.</prefix></prefix>
                   <given>Bernard</given>
                   <family>Wiseman</family>
                   <suffix>Sr.</suffix>
1270
                 </name>
               </assignedPerson>
             </assignedEntity>
           </legalAuthenticator>
```

1275

1280

5.2.3.8 ClinicalDocument/documentationOf

This <code>clinicalDocument/documentationOf</code> element is used to encode the date/time range of the original content. If the original content is representative of a single point in time then the endpoints of the date/time range shall be the same. Information regarding this date/time range shall be included, if it is known. In many cases this will have to be supplied by the operator. This profile does not restrict the <code>documentationOf</code> element beyond statements made in the HL7 CDA R2 documentation.

Example:

5.2.3.9 ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody

This ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody element shall be present and used to wrap the scanned content. The nonXMLBody element is guaranteed to be unique; thus the x-path to recover the scanned content is essentially fixed. All subelements of the nonXMLBody retain their original definition as defined by the HL7 CDA R2 specification, unless noted below.

- If the human-readable language of the scanned content is different than that of the wrapper (specified in ClinicalDocument/languageCode), then ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody/languageCode shall be present. Attribute code@code shall be present. Attribute code@codeSystem shall be IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) RFC 3066 in accordance with the HL7 CDA R2 documentation.
- The ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody/text element shall be present and encoded using xs:base64Binary encoding. Its #CDATA will contain the scanned content.
 - ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody/text@mediaType shall be "application/pdf" for PDF, or "text/plain" for plaintext.

1305

• ClinicalDocument/component/nonXMLBody/text@representation shall be present. The @representation for both PDF and plaintext scanned content will be "B64", because this profile requires the base-64 encoding of both formats.

1310

Example (PDF scanned content is in the *same* language as the wrapper):

```
<component>
             <nonXMLBody>
              <text mediaType="application/pdf" representation="B64">
1315
        JVBERiOxLjMKJcfsj6IKNSAwIG9iago8PC9MZW5ndGggNiAwIFIvRmlsdGVyIC9GbGF0
        ZUR1Y29kZT4+CnN0cmVhbQp4nGWPMWsDMQyFd/8KjfJwqmVbkr0GQqFbg7fQoSRNWuhB
        Q/4/1L67TEEYme+9J1s3CMQQRm39NLuXg8H17gK89nN1N8eLAbZ2mmHXuq12QDVUhnZx
        a5iBcyQtoMIUM7TZHbH5KZEVDqm//SSUswbFHx/JzBLeu5yYxOIzE8bPcRWqdaGDmcZO
        BWc/9bfUNOPfOte4409jxtcIKskqp0JZouJ5deYqeBn58ZmKtIU+2ptjqWQRJpGyrHDu
1320
        K7CXIe2be+/1DzXQP+R1bmRzdHJ1YW0KZW5kb2JqCjYgMCBvYmoKMjAxCmVuZG9iago0
        SW5mbyAyIDAqUqovSUQqWzxGNENDN0FFQjU0QjM2RkIyODNDNUMzMjQ3OUFEMjqzRj48
        RjRDQzdBRUI1NEIzNkZCMjqzQzVDMzIONzlBRDI4M0Y+XQo+PqpzdGFydHhyZWYKMzAx
        MgolJUVPRgo=
1325
          </text>
            </nonXMLBody>
          </component>
        </ClinicalDocument>
```

1330

Example (PDF scanned content is in a *different* language than the wrapper):

```
<component>
             <nonXMLBody>
          <languageCode code="zh-CN"/>
1335
               <text mediaType="application/pdf" representation="B64">
        JVBERi0xLjMKJcfsj6IKNSAwIG9iaqo8PC9MZW5ndGqqNiAwIFIvRmlsdGVyIC9GbGF0
        {\tt ZUR1Y29kZT4+CnN0cmVhbQp4nGWPMWsDMQyFd/8KjfJwqmVbkr0GQqFbg7fQoSRNWuhB}
        Q/4/1L67TEEYme+9J1s3CMQQRm39NLuXq8H17qK89nN1N8eLAbZ2mmHXuq12QDVUhnZx
        a5iBcyQtoMIUM7TZHbH5KZEVDgm//SSUswbFHx/JzBLeu5yYxOIzE8bPcRWqdaGDmcZO
1340
        BWc/9bfUNOPfOte4409jxtcIKskqp0JZouJ5deYqeBn58ZmKtIU+2ptjqWQRJpGyrHDu
        K7CXIe2be+/1DzXQP+RlbmRzdHJlYW0KZW5kb2JqCjYqMCBvYmoKMjAxCmVuZG9iago0
        SW5mbyAyIDAqUqovSUOqWzxGNENDN0FFOjU00jM2RkIyODNDNUMzMjO3OUFEMjqzRj48
        RjRDQzdBRUI1NEIzNkZCMjgzQzVDMzI0NzlBRDI4M0Y+XQo+PgpzdGFydHhyZWYKMzAx
1345
        MgolJUVPRgo=
        </text>
             </nonXMLBody>
           </component>
        </ClinicalDocument>
1350
```

5.2.4 Complete Example (Wrapped PDF)

```
1355
        <ClinicalDocument xmlns="urn:h17-org:v3" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
        classCode="DOCCLIN" moodCode="EVN" xsi:schemaLocation="urn:hl7-orq:v3 CDA.xsd">
        <typeId extension="POCD HD000040" root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3"/>
        <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20"/>
1360
          <id root="1.3.6.4.1.4.1.2835.2.7777"/>
          <code code="34133-9" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"</pre>
        codeSystemName="LOINC" displayName="SUMMARIZATION OF EPISODE NOTE"/>
          <title>Good Health Clinic Care Record Summary</title>
          <effectiveTime value="20050329224411+0500"/>
1365
          <confidentialityCode code="N" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"/>
          <languageCode code="en-US"/>
          <recordTarget>
             <patientRole>
               <id extension="12345" root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.933"/>
1370
               <addr>
                 <streetAddressLine>17 Daws Rd.</streetAddressLine>
                 <city>Blue Bell</city>
                 <state>MA</state>
                 <postalCode>02368</postalCode>
1375
                 <country>USA</country>
               </addr>
               <patient>
                 <name>
                   <prefix>Mrs.</prefix>
1380
                   <qiven>Ellen</qiven>
                   <family>Ross</family>
                 </name>
                 <administrativeGenderCode code="F"
        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.1"/>
1385
                 <birthTime value="19600127"/>
               </patient>
            </patientRole>
          </recordTarget>
        <author>
1390
          <templateId root="1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.2.20.1"/>
             <time value="19990522"/>
             <assignedAuthor>
               <id extension="11111111" root="1.3.5.35.1.4436.7"/>
               <assignedPerson>
1395
                 <name>
                   <prefix>Dr.</prefix></prefix>
                   <given>Bernard</given>
                   <family>Wiseman</family>
                   <suffix>Sr.</suffix>
1400
                 </name>
               </assignedPerson>
                <representedOrganization>
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